Bedford Inquirer.

A Weekly Paper, Devoted to Literature, Politics, the Arts, Sciences, Agriculture, &c., &c---Terms: One Dollar and Fifty Cents in Advance.

BY DAVID OVER. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 7, 1859. VOL. 32, NO. 2.

SELECT POETRY.

A BACHELOR'S COMPLAINT.

They're stepping off, the friends I knew,
They're going one by one;
They're taking wives to tame their lives,
Their jovial days are done;
I can't get one old crony now
To join me in a spree;
They've all grown grave, domestic men,
They look askance on me.

I hate to see them sober'd down,
The merry boys and true,
I hate to hear them sneering now
At pictures fancy drew;
I care not for their married cheer,
Their puddings and their soups,
And middle-aged relations round,
In formidable groups.

And though their wife perchance may have
A comely sort of face,
And at the table's upper end
Conduct herself with grace,
I hate the prim reserve that reigns,
The canton and the state;
I hate to see my friends grow vain
Of furniture and plate.

Oh, give me back the days again,
When we have wandered free,
And stolen the dew from every flower,
The fruit from every tree;
The friends I loved, they will not come,
They've all deserted me;
They sit at home and toast their toes,
Look stupid and sip tea.

Alas! alas! for years gone by,
And for the friends I have lost;
When no warm feeling of the heart
Was chill'd by early frost.
If these be Hymen's vaunted joys,
I'd have him shun my door,
Unless he quench his torch, and live
Henceforth a bachelor.

BE KIND.

I would not hurt a living thing,
However weak or small;
The beasts that graze, the birds that sing,
Our father made them all,
Without whose notice we have read
A sparrow cannot fall.

'Twas but the other day
I met a thoughtless boy
Bearing a pretty nest away;
It seemed to give him joy;
But oh! I told him it was wrong
To rob the little feathered throng.

I passed another by;
It seemed a saddening thing
To see him seize a butterfly
And tear away its wing.
As if devoid of feeling quite;
I'm sure that his could not be right.

The patient horse and dog,
So faithful, fond and true,
And e'en the little leaping frog,
Are oft abused too;
By thoughtless men and boys, who seem
Of others' comfort not to dream.

Yet surely in our breast
A kindlier soul should dwell,
For 'twas our blessed LORD's request
To use His creatures well;
And in His holy book we find
A blessing given to the kind.

A SINGULAR AFFAIR.

A Girl Restored to Life after being Forty-eight Hours an Icy Corpse.

A young girl of 12 or 13 years of age in Nuneaton, England, named Amelia Hinks, was supposed to have died, and for more than forty eight hours the imagined corpse lay beneath the winding sheet, when it happened that her grandfather, a very aged man, accompanied by a female relation, went to see the corpse. The old man removed one of the copper coins, and although the eye remained closed, he fancied he saw a movement beneath the lid.

The woman with him at first ridiculed the idea but on looking more closely she too observed a movement. The medical attendant was then apprised of the circumstance; and although he at first treated it as a delusion, the application of an instrument to the region of the heart soon convinced him that there was life within the apparent corpse. The body was then removed to a warmer room, and the existence of life soon became apparent. By degrees animation was restored, a loud sneeze placing the fact of her being a living subject beyond a doubt. When the speech was restored, the girl described everything that had taken place from the time of her supposed death.—She knew who had closed her eyes and placed the coppers thereon. She also heard the order given for her coffin, and could describe the various remarks made over her as she lay in her death clothes. This very extraordinary affair is causing considerable excitement in Nuneaton, and the neighborhood.

THE SURGEON'S REVENGE.

The following deeply interesting story was related by Dr. Gibson, in one of his lectures before the medical class of the University of Pennsylvania. The hero of the story is Vesale, one of the most eminent of Italian surgeons.

Andrew Vesale first saw light in the city of Brussels. His father was an apothecary, attached to the service of the Princess Margaret, aunt of Charles V., and governess of the low countries.

Up to the period when Vesale first rendered himself conspicuous, the anatomy of the human body was so imperfectly understood as scarcely to merit that the terms of science should be applied to the dim and confused ideas relating to it. Vesale was the first to break through the trammels with which ignorance and bigotry had crippled the march of science, surmounting with admirable courage and constancy the disgust, the terror and the peril inseparable from this description of the labor in which he had devoted himself, he was to be seen whole days and nights in the cemeteries, surrounded by the festering remains of mortality, or hovering about the gibbets, and disputing with the vulture for its prey, in order to compose a perfect skeleton from the remains of executed criminals left there by the carrion bird.

It was during a sojourn at Basle, after his return from Italy, that Vesale first beheld at the house of Hans Holbien, the painter, Isabella Von Stanwark, the daughter of a merchant at Harlaem, who was destined to exercise some influence over his future life. He was scarcely twenty-eight years of age, and already he had attained the summit of well directed ambition.

The family of Von Stanwark was a wealthy and honorable one, far superior to that of Vesale in birth and fortune; but the distinguished position the latter had acquired for himself, entitled him to aspire to an alliance even more exalted. The son of the Princess Margaret's apothecary would have been rejected by the rich Harlaem burgher, but as the emperor's first physician, was accepted by him as the most eligible son-in-law. The marriage solemnized, Vesale, accompanied by his young bride, set off for Seville, where Charles then held his court.

Though she loved her husband, there was so much awe mingled with her affection, as to throw an appearance of restraint over her demeanor toward him, even in the privacy of domestic life. The very nature of his profession and occupation was calculated to increase that awe, and even to create some degree of repugnance in a shrinking mind, which nothing but strong affection could overcome. Isabella's nature required skilful drawing out and tender fostering. Vesale, unfortunately, mistook her timidity for coldness, and resented it accordingly; this led to estrangement on her part, which he attributed to dislike; jealous distrust took possession of his soul.

Vesale's house became the resort of all that was noble and gallant in Seville, and he for a time believed his own scientific conversation to be the attraction. At first the young wife showed her usual calm indifference to the admiration that followed wherever she was seen; but at last something in her manner and countenance, whenever one particular person appeared, or his name was mentioned, betrayed that there did exist a being who had discovered the secret for causing the blood to flow more tumultuously through her veins. That person was Don Alva de Solis; and as he was young, handsome, gay, and the most inconstant gallant in Seville, the suspicions of Vesale were painfully aroused. He took silent note of the unusual emotions that agitated Isabella whenever the nobleman was in her presence.

The general conduct of Don Alva was calculated to baffle suspicion, being marked by indifference. This would have misled the vigilant husband, had he not on one occasion when his back was turned toward Don Alva, perceived him in an opposite mirror, fix his kindling eyes upon Isabella with an expression not to be mistaken, while she grew red and pale by turns, and then, as though unable to surmount her agitation, rose and left the room.

Shortly after Vesale received an anonymous note, saying—

"Look to your wife and Don Alva de Solis, and be not deceived by appearances. They only want a fitting opportunity to dishonor you. Even now he carries about him the gloves she dropped for him at mass."

Vesale shut himself up to ponder over the most effectual means of avenging himself.—His resolution was soon taken. Having established schools of anatomy at Lucca and Cordodova, he obtained the Emperor's permission to visit them, quitted Seville ostensibly for that purpose, but returning the same night concealed himself in a tenement belonging to him at some distance from his abode in Alcazar, which was devoted to the double purpose of a laboratory and dissecting room. He had taken no person into his confidence; he was alone in his own counsel.

At dark on the following evening, he issued forth, muffled to the eyes in a woman's mantle and hood, and left a note at Don Alva's habitation, containing an embroidered glove of Isabella's and these words—

"I have obtained the key to Vesale's laboratory during his absence; be at the gate an hour after midnight, and you will be admitted on pronouncing the name of Isabella."

The assignation was promptly kept by Don Alva. At an hour past midnight he left his house alone, but he never returned to it.—Whither he had gone none could say; nor could any trace of him be discovered. It was supposed he must have missed his footing and fallen in the Guadilquiver, near which his abode was situated, and that his body had been swept away by the waves of the ocean.

Such an occurrence was calculated to produce a great sensation in the place where it happened; and Vesale, recalled three weeks after by the illness of his wife, found the disappearance of Don Alva the theme of every tongue. The altered appearance of Isabella was attributed by Vesale to grief for the mysterious absence of Don Alva, and that conviction took from him all pity for her sufferings.

It chanced to be the festival of the Santa Isabella, and to honor her patron saint, as well as to celebrate the return of her husband, Isabell put on her wedding dress, and seating herself by an open casement that overlooked the Alva gardens, she watched for his coming.—But whilst her eyes were vainly fixed upon the path by which she expected him to appear, a hand was laid on her shoulder, and turning round she beheld Vesale standing beside her.

"I have ordered the supper to be laid in my study," said he; and taking her hand, he led her to the room in question, dismissed the attendant and closed the door. Everything wore a festive air; yet the repast was cheerless.—Perceiving that she had tasted nothing, Vesale poured a few drops of elixir in a cup of Malaga wine, and presented it to her, saying—

"Drink this, it is a sovereign cure for the disease you are suffering from."

"Pledge me the draught," she replied, filling up a goblet from the same flask, "and it will bring a quicker healing to me. Let us drink to our absent friend, Andre."

Vesale accepted the offering, and they emptied their goblets together.

"Talking of absent friends," said he, and suddenly fixing his eyes upon her, "you have not spoken to me of Don Alva de Solis. Are all hopes of hearing from him relinquished?—He was a braggart and a libertine, and boasted that no woman ever resisted his seductions, that no husband ever suspected the injury he was preparing for him."

Then grasping his wife by the hand, he led her up to the door at the farther end of the room, and throwing the door wide open, revealed to her view a skeleton, suspended within, holding in one of its bony hands one of her embroidered gloves.

"Behold," he said, pointing to the ghastly spectacle, "the gallant and beautiful Don Alva de Solis, the object of your guilty love, contemplate him well, if the sight can render your few moments happier, for you are about to join him in another world—the wine I have given you was poisoned!"

When the last dreadful sentence, and its more dreadful illustration fell upon her affrighted senses, she became paralyzed with excess of emotion, the scream which had risen to her throat died there in struggling murmurs, and sinking back, she fell as one dead on the arms of Vesale.

She was not dead, however; he had not poisoned her; that crime he had hesitated to commit; yet he was none the less her murderer.—Convulsion after convulsion, and at last she died, and, in that supreme moment, the hour that preceded her death, her husband, who never quitted her, beheld one of those phenomena which sometimes attend the dying. Awakening from a torpid slumber, consciousness and memory returned at once, and with them calm and courage she had never possessed in the flesh of life.

"Andre," said the dying woman, fixing her eyes on her husband, "I am dying by your hand, yet I am innocent; I never wronged you by thought or deed; Don Alva pursued me with his love and threats, but I repulsed them. I never loved but you. I feared and honored you as much as I loved, but I dared not tell you of his pursuit. Oh, Andre, believe my words, the dying deal not in falsehood. Should I be thus calm were I guilty?"

Vesale, sinking upon his knees, solemnly protested his faith in the innocence of his wife, and with choking sobs, abjured her to believe he only feigned to give her poison, that he could not nerve his hand to take her life; but the terror of death, not death itself was upon her. And while he yet spoke, Isabella murmured—

"Thanks be to heaven for this," and drawing his hand towards her, laid it upon her heart, and as she did so it ceased to beat.

The Mortara Case---Another Letter from Mr. Cass.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 29, 1858.

Sir: You are doubtless familiar with the circumstances attendant upon the recent abduction of a Jewish child named Mortara, from his parents' house, details of which are now being discussed in the influential presses of this and other countries. It is a matter of some importance to American Israelites that this Government should, in some legitimate way, unite with other civilized Powers in expressing a National opinion upon the subject.

The United States Government can only (as I am fully aware) sympathise with the Israelites in their efforts taken to insure the restoration of this child from the involuntary and cruel bondage imposed upon him; yet it is due to the spirit of the Constitution, as well as to the general principles of *universal religious liberty*, that this Government should, upon every proper occasion, enunciate those doctrines which form the only safeguard of a free people.

My co-religionists have always expressed such feelings of gratitude for the opinions and positions occupied by yourself touching similar questions while a member of the Senate, and it is to be expected that you will further add to their deep sense of obligation by taking such ground as prudential reason will dictate, against the inhuman doctrine of 'involuntary baptism' by indirect agency, so terribly ascendant in the recent abduction of this Jewish child.

Trusting that you will call this matter to the early attention of his excellency the president, I have the honor to subscribe myself, very respectfully, your obedient servant.

JONAS P. LEVY.

HON. LEWIS CASS, Secretary of State, Washington, D. C.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 20, 1858.

Dear Sir: As I have already explained to you, your letter respecting the proceedings at Bologna in the case of the boy Mortara did not come under my observation till I had officially answered two other applications for the same purpose. As one of my letters had then been published, and it was probable the other would be without delay, there was no need to repeat the communications, especially as no change had taken place in the views of the Government.

You do me but justice when you class me among the friends of religious liberty, and also when you refer to my course when questions were under discussion there, touching the rights of our fellow citizens of the Hebrew faith. My reason, not less than my feelings, leads me to advocate unlimited freedom of conscience.

But in the application for the authoritative censure by this Government of the proceedings at Bologna, the true principles of national intercommunication dictate caution and reserve, and as we should resent any such interference in our own case, we ought equally to abstain from it when other nations are concerned.

But as an individual, I have no hesitation in expressing my surprise and regret at the deplorable occurance in the Papal States. It is difficult to conceive how such an act of injustice could take place in the middle of the 19th century, and in the heart of Europe. The judgment of the world will condemn it.

I am, dear sir, respectfully yours,

LEWIS CASS.

JONAS P. LEVY, Esq.

THE BEGINNING OF THE WORLD.

The following is an extract from a sermon of Spurgeon, the English preacher, and is a specimen of the eloquence which within a year or two, has made his name familiar in both hemispheres.

"Can any man tell me when the beginning was? Years ago, we thought the beginning of this world was when Adam came upon it; but we have discovered that thousands of years before that God was forming chaotic matter to make it a fit abode for man, and putting a race of creatures upon it, that they might die and leave traces of his handiwork and marvelous skill, before he tried his hand on man. But this was not the beginning, for revelation points us to a period long ere this world was fashioned, to the days when the morning stars were begotten—when, like drops of dew from the fingers of morning, stars and constellations fell thickly from the hand of God; when, by his own lips, he launched forth ponderous orbs; when, with his own hand, he sent comets, like thunderbolts, wandering through the sky, to find one day their proper sphere. We go back to those days when worlds were made and systems were fashioned, and we have not approached the beginning yet.

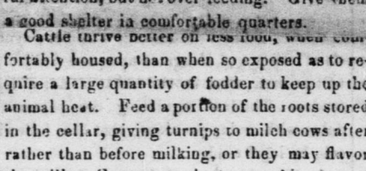
"Until we go back to the time when all the universe slept in the mind of God, as yet unborn, until we enter the eternity where God, the Creator, dwells alone, everything sleeping in his mighty gigantic thought, we have not guessed the beginning. We may go back, back, back, ages upon ages. We may go back, if we may use such a word, whole eternities, and yet never arrive at the beginning. Our wing might be tired, our imagination die away.—Could it outstrip the lightning's flashes, in majesty, power and rapidity, it would soon weary itself ere it could get to the beginning. But God, from the beginning, chose his people, when unnavigated ether was yet unfanned by the wing of a single angel, when space was shoreless, or else unborn, when universal silence reigned, and not a voice or whisper shocked the solemnity of silence, when there was no being, no motion, naught but God himself alone in his eterhity; when, without the song of an angel, without the attendance of even a cherubim, long ere the living creatures were born, or the wheels of the chariot of Jehovah were fashioned; even then, "in the beginning was the Word," and in the beginning God's people were in the word, and in the beginning he chose them all unto eternal life."

THE RIVER JORDAN.

A correspondent of the Utica Herald gives this description of the River Jordan:

"A line of green, low forest betrayed the course of the sacred river through the plain. So deep in its channel, and so thick is the forest that skirts its banks, that I rode within twenty yards of it before I caught the first gleam of its waters. I was agreeably disappointed. I had heard the Jordan described as an insipid, muddy, treacherous stream. Whether it was the contrast with the desolation around, or my own fancy that made its green banks so beautiful, I know not, but it did seem in that moment of its first revelation to my longing eyes, the perfection of calm and holy loveliness. It is hardly as wide as the Mohawk at Utica, but far more rapid and impassioned in its flow. Indeed, of all the rivers I have ever seen the Jordan has the fiercest current. Its waters is by no means clear, but it as little deserves the name muddy. At the place where I first saw it traditions assigns the baptism of our Saviour, and also the miraculous crossing of the children of Israel on their entrance into the promised land. Like a true pilgrim I bathed in its waters, and picked a few pebbles from its banks as tokens of remembrance of the most familiar river in the world. Three miles below the spot where I now stand, the noble river—itself the very emblem of life—suddenly throws itself on the putrid bosom of the Dead Sea."

AGRICULTURAL.



From the American Agriculturist.

Calendar of Operations for Jan. 1859.

With a good shelter for his household, and for his farm stock, provisions and fodder in abundance, and a mind in keeping with the quietude which reigns about him, the thrifty farmer may now sit contentedly before the fire while the wintry blasts sweep by his door. He has no need of going out every few hours, with shovel in hand, to see if the sheep are buried beneath a drift, or the calves perishing with cold. He has ample time for reading, and to mature plans for the year now commencing, and especially to close up all accounts of the past season.

Let New Year's day be a new starting point and, with the experience of former years fresh in memory, let a strong effort be made to render the acres doubly productive at a slighly increased expense of tillage.

The Calender of last month will mainly answer for this with a few additions.

Barns and stables require especial attention, for through them passes much of the Summer's toil. Remember 'to save, is to earn,' and suffer nothing to be wasted upon the floors, in the mangers, or yards. Chaff and coarse fodder will readily be eaten if run through a hay cutter and mixed with ground feed. Use dried muck or saw dust for absorbents in the stables which both benefit the stock and increase the manure heap.

Breeding Animals of all kinds require careful attention, but not over-feeding. Give them a good shelter in comfortable quarters.

Cattle thrive better on less food, when comfortably housed, than when so exposed as to require a large quantity of fodder to keep up the animal heat. Feed a portion of the roots stored in the cellar, giving turnips to milch cows after rather than before milking, or they may flavor the milk. Carrots are better on this account than turnips.

Cellars may need some extra protection to keep out frost. Spread mats or straw over root and potato bins where frost can not be excluded from the cellars.

Corn—Unless seed was saved, as it should have been, at the time of harvest, select it, from the best in the bins. Grind or cook any ted out so as to get the full benefit of it.

Fencing Stuff—Secure a good supply of posts rails, and board timber while the swamps are frozen. Posts may be holed or pinned together, and gates made during stormy days.

Hemlock and Oak Bark—Market early, that which was peeled last Summer for tanning purposes.

Hogs—Warm, snug and dry quarters are now wanted for hogs. Keep the pens well coated with muck, leaves, straw or saw-dust, for bedding and manure. Clean out often. Provide for Spring pigs by turning in the male, if not already done.

Horses—Take good care of these noble animals, since Winter with its fine sleighing and sledding scarcely affords a season of rest.—Through heat and cold, sun, rain, and snow, upon the road for a pleasure drive, or to market the surplus produce, in the woods for lumber or fuel, or carting home the distant purchased manure, the horse has an almost daily task, and richly merits kind humane treatment and generous food. Cover with blankets when not using, give good bedding at night and a liberal allowance of grain, alternating with carrots where they can be had.

Lumber—Many farmers have a surplus of pine, hemlock, cedar, and various kinds of hard wood lumber, which they can now get out for railroad ties, ship-building, furniture, or carpenter work. Preserve the young and thrifty trees from injury as timber is yearly growing more valuable.

Manure—Continue to make, even at this inclement season. By keeping every manufactory well supplied with muck, double the usual amount of equally good manure can be made. In the absence of muck, use saw-dust, spent tan and the refuse of almost any manufactory in your neighborhood. Road scrapings, sods, or even common soil carted into the yard as absorbents of liquid manure, will always pay richly for the trouble.

Marketing produce can usually be done to advantage during this month. Attentively examine the 'Market Review,' as it appears from month to month in the *Agriculturist*. This is prepared with much care, and will greatly assist the farmer in estimating the proper time at which to sell.

Plowing heavy soils in open Winter weather will usually improve them by turning up the hard pan to the steking influence of frost, besides killing burrowing insects and roots of pestiferous perennial plants.

Poultry—Keep in warm quarters, feeding well while the ground is frozen or covered with snow. Cellars under barns or other buildings, or an excavation made in the side of a hill with a roof over it affords good shelter during Winter. Give meat, also pounded oyster shells, or lime, to keep up the supply of eggs. Boiled potatoes and buckwheat cakes, alternating with grain and good food.

Roads—Keep them open to public travel even if snow storms are frequent. It shows a lack of public spirit to see a community obliged to leave the highway blocked up by snow drifts until thawed out in the Spring.

Salt—All farm stock should have salt once a week at least. Salt hay will answer the same purpose.

Sheep—Provide suitable shelter seperate from other stock. Give a few cut roots each day.

Tools—Many of those wanted another season may be made or repaired during the stormy days of this month.

Vermin, such as rats and mice are unprofitable animals. Keep only a small stock about the premises. Terriers, ferrets, cats, traps, strychnine, and arsenic are the proper antidotes A small bounty on their tails will usually set the children astir, and rats too.

Wood—Cut and draw from the swamps while they are frozen and the sledding or carting good. Have a full year's supply, not only at the door, but cut, split and piled away under cover if possible, before the Spring work commences upon the farm. Remember the annoyance of having men called from the hay field to get oven-wood, or the breakfast delayed on account of only green stuff for fuel.

A STIRRING APPEAL.

The 'local' of the *Bedford Republic*, get off the following 'load' Tuesday morning of the election, on his own account:

VOTERS!

Only a few a few hours will intervene before you are called upon to exercise your rights as freemen, and at the ballot box state your preference for rulers and officers.

BE PREPARED!

Don't wear your best clothes! Patriotism don't require the sacrifice of them for the sake of the Union.

ROLL UP YOUR TROWSERS AND GO IN.

Vote early!
Vote frequently!
Vote often!
Keep on voting!

When you get well known at one ward, go to another, but vote manfully, and for whom you like, and frequently—we insist, frequently.

DON'T VOTE FOR GEN. JACKSON! FOR HE IS DEAD!

RALLY! RALLY! RALLY!

To the polls!
Save your country!
Save your wives and children!

Vote that those orphans may enjoy hereafter the political privileges you are enjoying, and let not the trator and the treason strike them down. If they do hit, hit back—our whole human nature calls on you to hit back. We need not suggest hitting hard when you hit.

See that the infirm are brought to the polls in one horse wagons. Don't put the beggars on horseback—we need not remind our readers where they will go.

VOTE UNTIL SUNDOWN!

Don't lose a chance!
Put in all the votes you can!
Go it! Go it! Go it!
Swear in your votes!

If you can't swear your votes in, swear at the election board. Have a swear at somebody, at all events.

VOTE ALWAYS!

Never mind your dinner or supper, but stay at the polls and vote!

DRINK CONSIDERABLY!

The more you drink the better you will feel. Moreover the candidates pay for the liquor.—See that there is nothing left over - therefore.

In conclusion we would say,

Continue voting all day!

MRS. DOUGLAS ON THE LATE CANVASS.—A correspondent of the Vincennes *Sun*, speaking of the pleasant domestic qualities of Mrs. Douglas, relates that at the Chicago celebration, a few days ago, Mrs. D. was asked how she stood the canvass. "Very well," said she, "but I must go and get my husband some clothes—he has come out of the battle half naked. I got him two dozen shirts last spring, and two or three sets of studs; he lost all his shirts but two, and one that don't belong to him—and all the studs but four, which belong to four different sets and besides he hasn't any of the other clothes that he started out with." His old white hat, however, rode out the storm, dilapidated, but safe.

"How do my customers like the milk I sell them?"

"Oh! they all think it of the first water."

A young carpenter having been told that 'the course of true love never did run smooth,' took his plain under his arm when he went courting.

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

BEDFORD, Pa.

Friday Morning, JAN. 7, 1859.

"FEARLESS AND FREE."

D. OVER—Editor and Proprietor.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Pennsylvania Legislature met on the 4th inst. Hon. John Cresswell, Loco, of Blair, was elected Speaker of the Senate, by a vote of 17, to 16 for Glenni W. Scofield, opp, and Wm. C. A. Lawrence, opp. of Dauphin, was elected Speaker of the House, by a vote of 67, to 32 for P. A. Gritman, Loco.

The vote in opposition caucus for Speaker of the House, was as follows:

	1st vote.	2d vote.	3d vote.
McClure,	23	24	30
Lawrence,	29	30	34
Chase,	11	9	—
Scattering,	3	3	3

The name of Mr. Chase was withdrawn after the second vote had been taken.

It affords us much gratification that Mr. Lawrence was selected. He is an upright, honorable man, and will make an officer of whom the opposition may be proud.

We have not yet seen the Message of the Governor, but will endeavor to lay it before our readers in our next.

LOAVES AND FISHES!

The Auditors of this County met on Monday last to audit the accounts of the Treasurer. There was a great contest for the Clerkship, an office with a salary of just $25.00!—John W. Lingenfelter, Esq., an old resident of the County, and who (we know of nothing to the contrary) was always a Locofoco, was an applicant, and a person of the name of Meyers, lately, we believe, sent forth from Somerset on a pilgrimage, in search of employment of some kind or other, was the other applicant for the snug little *bonum magnum* of $25.00! The said Meyers, it appears, lately turned up as one of the publishers of the Gazette, and as he is one of the renegades that left the Know Nothing party, and consequently could not thrive in the atmosphere of Somerset County, his *claims* for the *sugar plum* could not be set aside *intirely!* Mr. Lingenfelter, who has been Poor House Steward, and is an Attorney far superior to the cast off rubbage from Somerset, and who, also, looms up as the next candidate for District Attorney, was not to be refused *intirely*, either! Now, mark how *iligantly* the Auditors, dear, good souls, and the two *talented* applicants, who wished to *serve* their country for a day or two, *and the* $25.00! *compromised* the matter, and the $25.00!—*They agreed that both should be appointed Clerks, and divide the plum between them,* $12.50 *each!* What a wonderful appointment! The whole work, scarcely occupying two days, and yet the Clerkship is *cut in two*, to help to feed *a hungry patriot, who is willing to serve in any party for the loaves and fishes—even though they be small loaves and small fishes!* For the first time in the history of the County, we believe, there have been two Clerks to the Auditors! Next year, probably, there will be some more applicants for the Clerkship, and the Auditors, following the example of the *illustrious* Court House officials, can manufacture a half-dozen clerkships out of the one, and raise the salary too! The Somerset pilgrim, with $12.50 in his pocket, strutted the streets *very consequentially* for a few days after—and well he might, for it was the only trust of any kind he ever received from any body, and he now cherishes the scriptural maxim, that "a prophet is not without honor, save in his own country and in his own house!"

WHO'S AFEARD?

In the last *Gazette*, under the head of "personal," the *bum* sixpenny lawyer, who never had a brief, and never will, makes some *very* serious threats, about our "proving our charges in Court," or "to make good in a more summary and less peaceable manner."

To the first threat we reply that a fellow who libels persons in almost every number of his paper, should be the last to threaten suits, when the truth is forced home upon him in a manner that don't favorably impress the community in regard to his past political life.

In regard to "a more summary and less peaceable manner," we have no fears, and feel perfectly easy, as this fellow *has not the blood* to attack any man openly and boldly. Judging from his countenance, he might with a bludgeon, do it behind one's back, in the bully Brooks and Bill English style, however!

THE NEW CENT.—We are indebted to a friend in Philadelphia, for a couple of the new cents. They are near the size of the last coin of the same denomination, but instead of the apology for an eagle on the one side, there is the head of an Indian girl. On the reverse, the wreath is smaller; and the coin is a little thicker On the whole, the new cent is a decided improvement.

NEW YEAR.—This is our first number in the New Year. We hope to send our paper throughout its entire length to all our old subscribers, and to many new ones also. It should be the duty of our friends to use their influence in securing a large circulation to the INQUIRER; upon it much depends. If the paper had as large a circulation as it ought, Bedford County would be always right, politically. We will send the INQUIRER, gratis, for one year, to any one who procures us *five* new subscribers, with the cash in advance. To all, we wish a happy year, and that our *slow* friends may be more *punctual* throughout the present year.

SOMETHING FOR THE CURIOUS.—A short time ago, Mr. Isaac Clark, of Napier Township, in this County, killed a cow which he had fattened for beef. In her stomach were found over 160 nails and tacks of different sizes and kinds—the points of some as sharp as needles—also a piece of iron hoop, about 3 inches in length. The nails were in bunches, surrounded by a kind of mucus. How she got them is unknown. She was in good health, and made firstrate beef, notwithstanding her ostrich-like propensities. The nails can be seen at this office.

The *Gazette* of last week attempts to get up a controvery between the different friends of the Bedford Railroad. We did not intend to detract from the merits of any one on that subject, but we would simply remind that paper that a controversy might do no good for its particular friend.

FILIBUSTERS.—The steamer Susan, which escaped with filibusters some days ago, was wrecked on Glover's coral reef; the passengers were saved, but the vessal was a total loss.—The filibusters were brought to Mobile, by the British steamer Basilisk, where the poor devils were received with much joy by their friends.—We hope this will end all such raids.

Senator Douglas has met with very warm receptions from his friends, on his way from the South to Washington, at New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, &c.

What is Legal Tender.

Some people are at a loss to know what is a legal tender of money. Most persons are greatly in error in supposing that cents are a legal tender for any amount, and sometimes captious people make large payments in copper coin, which creditors suppose they are obliged to receive—from the fact that it is coined at the mint, and bears the impress of the U. States upon it. From the following, which is a synopsis of the act of Congress upon the subject, it will be seen what is and what is not a legal tender. The law regulating the payment of debts with coin, provides that the following coin be legal tender:

1. All gold coin at their respective values for debts of any amount.

2. The half dollar, quarter dollar, half dime and quarter dime, at their respective values for debts of any amount under five dollars.

3. Three cent pieces for debts of any amount under thirty cents; and

4. By the law passed at the last session of Congress, we may add one cent pieces for any amount under ten cents.

By the laws of Congress passed some four or five years ago, gold was made the legal tender for large amounts. Those who, to get rid of large quantities of cents and small coin, sometimes pay their bills with it, to the annoyance of the creditor, will perceive that there is a stoppage to that antic by the law.

"THE HUMAN FLESH PARTY."

John Mitchell, the Irish refugee, has invented a new name for the Democratic party. After noting the election of Gov. McRae, of Mississippi, on the platform of re-opening the slave trade, says:

"What Southern statesman will next have the pluck to plant himself on the honest *human flesh platform*? It is the true Democracy, for it will abolish monopoly; it is the best Know-Nothingism, for it will enable Americans to rule America, (which the English and French do at present,) and, more than all, it is the truest humanity and justice towards both whites and blacks."

"HUMAN FLESH PLATFORM" is good. It is descriptive and complete. We thank the Irish demagogue for teaching us the words.—*Pitts. Gaz.*

MISSISSIPPI READY FOR WAR—HER ARMORY.—It will be remembered that Jeff Davis recently counseled the Sovereign State of Mississippi to prepare for war. He told her Legislature to prepare 'fixed ammunition,' to convert muskets into Minnie rifles, to cast cannon, and be ready to blow to the flinders of everlasting smash all the pesky Abolitionists who would dare to plant their feet upon the hallowed soil of that Sovereign State. Well, the armory of this 'Sovereign State' has been examined, and we are indebted to the Vicksburg Whig for the following inventory of the 'circumstance of,' discovered to be on hand:

4 flint-lock muskets, all rusty, and no breeches to at least two.

7 bayonets—rusty, with no points.

A pile of belts and scabbards, but no swords.

50 cartridge boxes.

The Whig adds:

"We have now 5 Major Generals, 10 Brigadier Generals, 60 Colonels, 60 Lieutenant Colonels, 60 Majors, and will soon have 600 Captains, 1200 Lieutenants, 4800 Sergeants and 4800 Corporals. We are happy to inform them, however, that we have no privates—the Legislature having dispensed with that useless portion of the army."

MORTARA CASE PARALLELED.

The retention by the Pope of the abducted child Mortara, has its counterpart in a case which lately occurred in England. A Protestant British Sergeant of Marines, named Race, who was killed in the Russian war, left his children, by will, to the care of their mother, who was a Catholic, "feeling confident," he said, "that she would do justice to them as a wife and mother." One of the children, named Alicia, was placed in the Sailors' Orphan School, at Hampstead. After a time her mother wished to remove her to a Catholic school, but the former refused to give her up. The child was brought, at the mother's instance before the Court of Queen's Bench, by a writ of habeas corpus, whereupon Lord Campbell, delivering the unanimous opinion of the court, said—"We are bound, in the discharge of our duty, to order that the infant, Alicia Race be now delivered up to her mother." Notwithstanding this decision by the Chief Justice of England, a bill in chancery was fifed by the Sailors School Committee, praying the Chancellor to make the girl a ward in chancery, and on the 11th of February last, the Vice Chancellor adjudged that she should be brought up in the Protestant faith, appointed guardians over her, and ordered her to be given up to the Sailors' School. It remains to be seen whether the press, which, as a general thing, spoke very indignantly in reference to the Mortara case, will, in the same manner, treat the Alicia Race case. We await the course of the press on this subject with some interest.—*Pennsylvanian.*

We would hardly have thought that even a Loco foco, in the fifty-eighth year of the nineteenth century, could be found ready to attempt to excuse the inhuman and dastardly outrage of stealing a child from its mother, by trying to find parallels in atrocity.

If the story as related here be true, the Vice Chancellor has done wrong; but there is no kind of parallal in the two cases. It appears that the mother placed her child in the School, and afterwards, no doubt at the instigation of Jesuitical Priests, desired to place it in a Catholic School. In the other case a child was taken and kept forcibly from its parents. None but a Locofoco could be blind enough to fail to see the difference. No one who has a spark of humanity in his heart can regard, with any feelings but those of scorn and detestation, the outrage of the Church of Rome upon Mortara's child. It was utterly inexcusable, and no one who dares to speak his mind freely, but must condemn it. Were Locofoco papers not bound hand and foot to the Juggernaut of Jesuitism, they would be loud enough in condemning the cruel act of those cold-hearted Priests.—*Daily News.*

The Two Parties.

To those who are in the habit of regarding the Democratic as the dominant party in the Union by numbers, as it is by apportionment, we commend the following table, compiled from the United States Census. The Republican States, with their respective white population, are placed in one column, the Democratic States, with their respective white population, in the other. It will be seen that the white inhabitants of the Republican States outnumber those of the Democratic States in the proportion of *two to one.*

Maine,	581,813	Maryland,	417,943
N. Hampshire,	317,450	Virginia,	894,800
Vermont,	313,402	N. Carolina,	533,008
Rhode Island,	148,753	S. Carolina,	274,563
Connecticut,	363,099	Georgia,	521,572
Massachusetts,	985,450	Alabama,	426,514
New York,	3,048,325	Mississippi,	295,718
New Jersey,	465,509	Louisiana,	225,491
Penn'a,	2,258,160	Texas,	154,034
Ohio,	1,955,050	Arkansas,	162,189
Indiana,	977,154	Missouri,	592,004
Illinois,	846,034	Tennessee,	756,836
Michigan,	395,061	Kentucky,	200.000
Wisconsin,	304,757	California,	200,000
Iowa,	191,881	Florida,	47,203
Minnesota,	200,000	Delaware,	71,169
	12,530,650		6,422,418

Democrats are fond of applying to their opponents the epithet of "Black Republicans," as if they in some way derived their strength from the African race. We suggest to them a careful examination of the above figures, which show that the Republican is pre-eminently the party of the White Men of the Union, while the Democratic only maintains its power at all by three million blacks held in slavery, which it represents in Congress and the Electoral College, although it will not allow them to vote either for Electors or Congressmen.—*Alb. Eve. Jour.*

THE OPPOSITION IN VIRGINIA.

We observe that the people of Virginia, opposed to Mr. Letcher, including Whigs, Americans, and disaffected Democrats, are moving towards the nomination of a candidate for Governor to oppose him. It will be recollected how fierce and unrelenting was the warfare—the internal quarrel—regarding Letcher. The Petersburg Convention, which brought him forth, exhibited irreparable dissatisfaction. It is positively known that the Democratic nominee cannot carry the full strength of his party. The indications are almost certain that an opposition nomination will be made; and this nominee to be a liberal, conservative Democrat.—Under such circumstances, with proper unity and an approved standard-bearer, with the Democracy fragmented, we see no good reason why the opposition—or people's party of Virginia, if such it may be called—should not triumph.

Senator Douglas is expected in Washington about the middle of January. The correspondent of the *Press* boldly charges a design upon hostile parties to put him in such a position, on his arrival at the Capitol, that he will feel impelled to send or accept a challenge to fight a duel! It is probable that the writer's fears in this case have run away with his judgment.

The St. Louis Republican of Friday declares that there is no truth in the rumor that Judge Douglas, in a public letter, declines being a candidate for the Presidency. The editor of the Republican has just returned from a Southern tour with the Senator, and importance is attached to the disclosure on that account.

Secretary Cobb evidently has his eye on the great to be. He courts applause in the South, and gets it to the skies. The Southern Democratic press endorse his Free Trade views, and snub poor Buchanan. Why don't Mr. Buchanan resign?

AN ECONOMICAL PRESIDENT.—Mr. Buchanan, admitting the treasury to be empty, and recommending a change of the tariff in order to replete it, nevertheless proposes the following rather expensive projects:

Purchase of Cuba	$300,000,000
Aid to Pacific Railroads	100,000,000
Building War Steamers	5,000,000
Occupation of Senora	5,000,000
War with Costa Rica	5,000.000
To keep open Central America	5,000.000
District of Columbia	1,000,000
	$421,000,000

Other small items, such as compensation for Amistad negroes, etc., we omit from this somewhat formidable account.

Mr. Buchanan has been initiated into the mysteries of the Tammany Society of N. York—war-dance, the painted face, and the song of welcome. The pow-wow began in due form—was held and concluded in the White House. Mr. President looked well with his venerable face in war paint. Think of it, a President of the United States with a painted face! We suppose the old chief will hereafter "scalp" all office-holders before he sends them to the guillotine.

A dangerous young widow of 20, in Ludlow, Mass., with four dead or discarded husbands, has torn a young lad of 18 years from his afflicted parents in the same town, and taken him to bed and board as No. 5. The parents locked up the boy, but the widow was too smart for them, got him out, and fled with him to Palmer, where they married. She was clearly one of the widows.

Robert Renwick, Esq., of Baltimore, has in his possession the sword presented by Frederick the Great of Prussia to Washington, with the complementary address, "From the oldest General in Europe to the greatest General in the world," and a portion of the surveying instrument used by Washington, when only 17 years old, on his perilous expedition to survey north-western Virginia.

A good one is told of the President and a committee who called upon him about the tariff, some time ago. "Ah!" said his Excellency, "if only Glancy Jones were in Congress, he could do a great deal of good for you." Why, then," was the reply of one of the party, "did he resign his seat, and refuse to fulfill the promises made before he was elected?" Jones was dropped!

The price of negroes in Georgia is up, very high. Boys and men, common field hands, have lately sold for $1,200 to $1,500, and girls at $1,100 to $1,300. The Savannah Republican says that the value of field hands may be estimated by the price of cotton; for instance, for every cent a pound for cotton, a field hand will bring one hundred dollars.

It is said that the amendment to the Pacific Railroad bill, introduced by Mr. Foster, providing that it shall be built wholly of American iron, has greatly increased the prospects of the success of that measure, as it will probably bring to its support the friends of a great additional interest, by affording a large amount of employment to the iron manufacturers.

THE DEAD ALIVE.—The Wheeling *Times* states that a girl at the Hospital who had been sick for sometime, died last Sunday. Owing to the inclemency of the weather, the burial was postponed until Tuesday, when consciousness returned to the little creature and she is now recovering.

ALBANY, Dec. 22.—The State canvassers have decided to refuse certificates of election to six Congressmen recently elected from New York city, because the returns read "for members of Congress," instead of 'representatives in Congress.

An exchange says that some of the shoe manufacturers at Lynn, Mass., are now making to order large quantities of ladies' skating boots. They are made thick and strong and shaped to receive the adjustment of the skate, and are cut so as to reach above the ankle.

A resolution recently offered in both branches of the Arkansas Legislature, instructing the Senators and Representatives to oppose the re-opening of the slave trade, was laid on the table, only two Senators and fifteen Representatives voting in the negative.

The Richmond Enquirer has a severe editorial review of the message of the President, in which it denounces with much force the leading positions of that document, foreign and domestic.

Senator Stuart of Michigan has been degraded to the ranks as well as Douglas, having been deposed from the chairmanship of the Committee on Public Lands.

The new Democratic paper, the Pennsylvania *State Sentinel*, made its appearance in Harrisburg last Friday morning. It represents specially the views and policy of the State Administration.

Recently, Francis Reddy bit off the nose of James W. Hunt in a fight in New York.—Last Wednesday the case was put to a jury, which gave a verdict of $1,500 to the man without a nose.

Some of the farmers of northern Ohio and on the borders of Indiana, have commenced the breeding and raising of deer, and they bring them to market; hence the plentitude of venison.

At the Methodist conference in Columbia, S. C., last week, Mrs. Singleton, aged 104 years and who has been blind for 60 years, was made a life member of the society.

The ladies of Utica, New York, are enjoying the pastime of skating. Crinolines on "rockers," is said to be a most entrancing spectacle.

It is announced in Texas that Gen. Sam Houston will be a candidate for Governor at the next election. The General was defeated by Gov. Runnels at the last election.

COUNTING HOUSE ALMANAC, 1859.

	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednesday.	Thursday.	Friday.	Saturday.
JANUARY.							1
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
FEB.			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28					
MARCH.			1	2	3	4	5
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30	31		
APRIL.						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
MAY.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
	20	30	31				
JUNE.				1	2	3	4
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	26	27	28	29	30		
JULY.						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						
AUGUST.		1	2	3	4	5	6
	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	28	29	30	31			
SEPT.					1	2	3
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	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	
OCT.							1
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	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
	30	31					
NOV.			1	2	3	4	5
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	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	27	28	29	30			
DEC.					1	2	3
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31

THE MARKETS.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 4. 1859.

FLOUR.—Howard Street and Ohio Super could not command over $5 per bbl. City Mills Super may be quoted, in the absence of sales, at $4.87½a$5 25 per bbl. for standard to choice brands, and Extra Family Flours as follows: Ohio Extra at $5.37½; Baltimore city ground Family and Extra is selling at $7.50 for the former, and $6.50 for the latter. In Corn Meal we note sales to-day of 505 bbls. City at $3.50, being a decline of 50 cts. per bbl., on on last transactions. Rye Flour is slowly selling at $4 per bbl., and Buckwheat Meal at $2 12½a$2.37½ per 100 lbs.,

GRAIN.—There were only 642 bushels offered—sales of ordinary white being made at $1.20a$1.27; good do. held at $1.30a$1.35, and prime to choice at $1.49a$1.50 per bushel Reds were dull, and may be quoted at $1.15a$1 25 for good to prime. Corn was less buoyant and the offerings reached about 7,200 bushels, with small sales of white at 60a66 cts. for damp 68 cts. for prime, and yellow brought 70a72 cts. per bushel. Of Oats there were 1,240 bushels offered, and Pennsylvania brought 47 cts. Of Rye we quote Pennsylvania nominal at 85a86 cts., and Maryland at 72a75 cts. per bushel.

MARRIED.

On the 28th inst., by Rev. George Berkstresser, at the residence of the bride's father, in Woodberry, Mr. J. R. DURBORROW and Miss E. JENNIE JOHNSTON.

Last week, the name of the Rev. gentleman who married the above couple, was accidentally omitted. It's all right now.

In Rainsburg on Tuesday Jan., the 4th, by the Rev. B. F. Stevens at the M. E. Church, in presence of a large audience, Mr. E. J. OSBORNE, of Moorsville, Penna., to Miss E. V. MANN of Clearspring, Md.

On the 18th of December last, by the Rev. H. Heckerman, HENRY HILLEGASS and Miss JULIANA, daughter of Frederick Turner, all of Harrison township.

DIED.

December 18th, 1858, FRANK BARCLAY, son of Dr. F. C. and Georgianna R. Reamer, aged two years, five months, and nine days.

On the Friday following, December 24th, CHARLES, Son of Espy L. and Louisa Anderson, in the seventh year of his age.

"Jesus said, suffer little children, and forbid them not to come unto me: for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

"I shall go to him, but he shall not return to me"

"My little one, my sweet one, the couch is empty now,
Where oft I wiped the dews away, which gathered on thy brow,
No more, amidst the sleepless night, I smooth thy pillow fair,
'Tis smooth indeed, but rest no more thy small, pale features there."

"My little one, my sweet one, thou canst not come to me,
But nearer draws the numbered hour when I shall go to thee;
And thou, perchance, with seraph smile, and golden harp in hand
May'st come the first to welcome me, to our Emmanuel's land."

STATEMENT

OF Receipts and Expenditurer, of the Bedford Hall Association, from its organization in 1851, to 31 December 1858, inclusive.

RECEIPTS.

Cash paid in on 870 shares of Capital Stock,		$4,026,50
Aggregate of Rents received,	1,486,96	
Cash from Insurance Company,	163,12	
Miscellaneous,	4,00	1,654,08
Total,		$5,750,58

EXPENDITURES.

Cash paid on purchase of Real Estate, including interest,		$4,420,98	
Cash paid for Repairs,	732,63		
" " " Taxes,	259,66		
" " " Insurance,	129,00		
" " " Dividends,	53,52		
" " Miscellaneous,	67,00	1,241,81	$5.662,79
Balance,			$87,79

ASSETS,—EXCLUSIVE OF REAL ESTATE.

Cash on hand as above,	$ 87.79
Due on Subscription to Capital Stock,	253,50
Rents due from sundry persons,	338.00
	$679,29

LIABILITIES.

Balance due Wm. Hartley on purchase money,	$297,16
Int. from 1 March 1858.	
Sundry accounts for Repairs estimated at	30,00

For full details, see Books and accounts of Secretary and treasurer.

Published by order of Trustees.

FR. JORDAN, Secty. JNO. MOWER, Prest.

Jan. 7, 1859.

STATEMENT

OF the Receipts and Expenditures of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company, from the first day of January, 1858, to the third day of January, 1859.

To Balance in the treasury, 1st 1858, Jan. 5		672 90
To amount of toll Received in year 1858,		1,824,34
		$2,497,24
By Amount of Expenditures same time,		$1,672,55
Balance in the treasury at settlement including bad and uncurrent money,		$824,58½
		$2,497,13

No dividend was made.

EMANUEL STATLER, Prest.

PETER SCHELL, Treasurer.

The board adopted the following Resolution 3d day, January 1859.

Resolved, That the gate keepers of the Bedford and Stoystown Turnpike Road Company are hereby directed not to trust any person for toll hereafter, and that suits be instituted against any person, who shall attempt in any way to defraud the Company out of their toll, or shall neglect, or refuse to stop to pay toll at any toll house of the Company; and that John P. Reed, Esq., or some other attorney be employed to attend to suits for the fine accrued by such conduct; and the gate keepers are requested to give notice to said Attorney or Treasurer, President or any one of the Managers of the Company, of such offender forwith in person or by writing, and that this Resolution be published in the Bedford papers. EMANUEL STATLER, Prest.

PETER SCHELL, Sec'ty.

Jan. 7, 1859.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

THE FOLLOWING LANDS IN THE WEST:

80 ACRES in Brown County, Kansas, 3 miles west of Hiawatha, on the old St. Jo. road, and 18 miles from White Cloud on the Missouri River.—Also 80 ACRES, 15 miles west of Atchison, Kansas. These are fine rolling prairie lands within less than a mile of timber and running water. Also 320 ACRES, well timbered and watered, in St. Francis County, Missouri. Also 40 ACRES well timbered, in Grant County, Indiana.

And the following lands in Bedford County:

ABOUT 50 ACRES, well timbered, in Cumberland Valley Township, 9 miles from Bedford, near to John McFerran. Also 428 ACRES timbered land, 2 miles South of Rainsburg on the road to Southampton. Also 430 acres, timber-land, in Union Township, on Bobbs Creek, about 2 miles above Conrad's Saw-Mill. Also five-twelfths of a tract containing 265 acres and 148 perches of Broad-top coal land. Also 110 ACRES of first quality lime stone land a half a mile south of Bedford, known as the Vondersmith Farm, 100 acres cleared, a never failing spring of excellent water, a tolerable barn, and small frame house.

For the present I may be found at Mrs. Cook's Hotel. WM. M. HALL.

Jan. 7, 1859.

Auditors Notice.

IN the matter of the Citation to the Executors of the last will &c., of Dan'l Wisegarver, dec'd the undersigned, appointed Auditor to ascertain and report whether any, and if any, what part of the lands should be sold, rented, &c., will attend to the duties of his appointment at his Office in the Borough of Bedford, on Thursday the 10th day of February next, when and where all persons interested can attend. R. D. BARCLAY,

Jan. 7, 1859. Auditor.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the undersigned, by the Register of the Orphans Court of Bedford county, upon the estate of Kinzey Ake, late of Union township, deceased,—all persons, therefore, knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

O. E. SHANNON,

Jan. 7, 1859. Adm'r.

Auditor's Notice.

IN the matter of the Citation to Wm. Smith, administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Smith, dec'd:—

The undersigned appointed an auditor to take testimony and report the facts in this case, will attend, for that purpose at his office in Bedford, on Thursday, the 27th day of January inst., when and where all persons interested may attend.

Jan. 7, 1857. JNO MOWER, Auditor.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, living in West Providence tp., on the Estate of Peter Barndollar, late of West Providence Township, dec'd all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate will make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement. JAS. M. BARNDOLLAR,

Jan. 7, 1859. Adm'r.

De Lunatico Inquirendo.

THE undersigned appointed by the Court of Common Please of Bedford County, to inquire whether George Owe, of Union Township, be a Lunatic or not, &c., will attend to the duties of his appointment at his Office in the Borough of Bedford, on Tuesday the 25th day of January inst., when and where all persons interested can attend.

R. D. BARCLAY,

Jan. 7, 1859. Commissioner.

NOTICE.

ALL persons who are indebted the subscriber, either by note or book account, are hereby notified to make payment on or before the 15th January inst. All those failing to attend to this matter will find their accounts in the hands of the proper officer for collection. ISAAC LIPPEL.

Jan. 7, 1859—c.

HAGERSTOWN ALMANACS for 1859, at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

Dec. 17, 1858.

JAYNE'S Wrights, Bennett's and Dyott's pills at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Daniel Shea, late of Cumberland Valley tp., dec'd, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Bedford Borough,—notice is therefore given to all persons indebted to make payment immediately and those having claims will present them forthwith, properly authenticated for settlement.

Jan. 7, 1859. O. E. SHANNON, Adm'r.

ROSS FORWARD. O. H. GAITHER.

Forward & Gaither,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

Bedford, Pa.

ROSS FORWARD, of Somerset, and O. H. GAITHER, have opened a law office in Bedford, Pa. O. H. GAITHER, having located permanently in Bedford, will be assisted during every Court by the former. All business entrusted to them will be promptly and carefully attended to. Office on Juliana street, two doors south of the Inquirer office.

Dec. 31, 1858.

Dissolution.

THE firm of TAYLOR & MOWRY is dissolved by mutual consent. The business will be continued at the old stand by JNO. TAYLOR, who will hold himself ready at all times to accomodate the public with *Leather* on the most reasonable terms.—The books of the firm will remain in the hands of John A. Mowry for settlement, and all persons interested are earnestly requested to call and make settlement at once. All those neglecting this notice may expect after the first day of February next to find their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection. TAYLOR & MOWRY.

Dec. 31, 1858.

BURRAH FOR GERMANY!

THE subscriber will offer at private sale a lot of furniture, composed of Bureaus, Bedsteads, Chairs, Washstands, Tables, Cupboards, and a lot of Carpeting, one Cooking Stove, a lot of pork, one hundred lbs. of lard, three fine Shoats, and a number of other articles too numerous to mention.

☞Any persons wishing to purchase such articles at a low price will please call at the residence of the subscriber as soon as possible. Sales Cash.

JOHN C. BOWERS.

Dec. 31, 1858.

SURVEYING.

O. H. GAITHER will promptly attend to all surveying business that may be entrusted to him. Office on Juliana street two doors south of the Inquirer office.

Dec. 31, 1858.

STRAY SHEEP.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in Colerain Township, about 1st of Dec. inst., twelve sheep, two with an under crop out of the right ear, one with the ends off both ears, all the sheep are white, and nine without marks—the owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away.

Dec. 24, 1858–c. *EMANUEL KEGG.*

SELLING OFF AT COST.

MRS. H. D. PEUGH wishes to retire from business, and will sell an entire Stock of goods at cost! Ladies wishing to supply themselves with goods at wholesale prices, would do well to call before the following handsome articles are disposed of.

Rich silks, French Merines, Cassmeres, Alpacas, Poplins, French and American De Lanes, Velvets, Shawls, Cloaks, Mantles, Ladies' and Childrens' Furs, Clouds, Hoods, Bonnets, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, French Work, Gloves, Hoisery, Shoes, Jewelry, Perfumery, and an endless variety of Fancy Goods.

Milliners would find it to their advantage to examine the assortment in the Millinery department.

Dec. 17, 1858.

Bedford County, ss.

At an Orphans Court, held at Bedford, in and for Bedford County, on the 15th day of November A. D., 1858, before the Judges of the same Court,

On motion of JOHN MOWER, Esq., the Court grant a Rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of John Kegg, late of Colerain tp., in said County, deceased, to wit: William, residing in Hancock County, Ohio, Emanuel, Mary Ann, residing in Bedford County, John, residing in California, Jacob, Josiah, residing in Bedford County, Rebecca, residing in Huntingdon County, Pa., and Margaret, residing Bedford County, to be and appear at an Orphans Court to be held at Bedford, in and for said County, on the 2d Monday 14th day of February next, to accept or refuse to take the real estate of said John Kegg, deceased, at the Valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

L.S. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the said Court, at Bedford, the 24th day of November, A. D 1858.

Attest, S. H. TATE, Clerk.
WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Dec. 17, 1858.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

THERE will be sold at public vendue, on the premises, at Bloody Run, on Friday, the 21st day of January, next, at one o'clock of said day, one House and Lot of ground and out building, situate in the Town of Bloody Run, adjoining Lots of Mr. Barndollar and Mrs. Tate, on the south side of the Turnpike Road, and fronting the same.

Attention will be given, and terms made known on day of sale, by

JOHN SPARKS,
Att'y in fact for Christiana Steckman, and others, and *VAL. STECKMAN,*
Guardian of George Steckman's minor heirs.

Dec. 24, 1858.

Estate of Samuel Carteright Dec'd.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted by the Register of Bedford County to the undersigned upon the estate of Samuel Carteright late of Middle Woodberry Township Bedford County dec'd all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to come forward and make immediate payment and those having claims against the estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement to the undersigned at Claysburg Blair County Pa. *DANIEL SHOCK.*

Dec. 24, 1858. *Adm'r.*

NOTICE.

BELIEVING that short settlements is the plan for conducting all business operations—our books will be ready for settlement on the first day of January 1859. Every account not settled by period named—must then be closed by Cash or Note.

OSTER MANSPEAKER & CARN.
J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER,
A. B. CRAMER & Co.
REED & MINNICH,
FURGESON & Co.

Dec. 24, 1858.

J. W. LINGENFELTER,

Attorney at Law and Land Surveyor,

WILL attend with promptness to all business entrusted to his care.

Will practice in Bedford and Fulton Counties.

☞Office one door West of the Union Hotel.

Dec, 24, 1858.

BEDFORD ACADEMY.

THE Winter session of Bedford Academy will commence on Monday next, 22d, inst.

G. W. AUGHINBAUGH, *Principal.*

Nov. 19, 1858.

Auditor's Notice.

Chaffe, Stout & Co., vs D. S. Berkstresser, } Testatum Venditioni Exponas, from Huntingdon County, No. 2, November term, 1858.

The undersigned appointed Auditor to make distribution of the money in the hands of Sheriff Fluck, arising from sale of Defts. property, to and among the creditors entitled to the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Friday, January 14, 1859, at his office, at which all persons interested can attend, if they see proper.

R. D. BARCLAY. *Auditor.*

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to report a distribution of the money in the hands of Jeremiah Weight and Simon Karn, Executors &c., of Charles Weight, deceased, will attend to the duties of said appointment, at his Office, in the Borough of Bedford, on Wednesday, the 5th day of January, 1859, at 10 o'clock of said day, when and where all parties interested can attend. JOHN P. REED, *Auditor.*

Administrators' Notice.

LETTERS of administration having been granted to the subscribers, living in Colerain Township, on the estate of Samuel Diehl, late of said Township, dec'd., all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HENRY P. DIEHL,
ANDREW KOONS,
Adm'rs.

Dec. 17, 1858-f.

Attention Bedford Riflemen!

YOU are hereby ordered to appear in Winter Uniform, (with plume and pompoon,) at the Court House, in Bedford, on Saturday, the 8th day of January, next at 10 o'clock, A. M., with ten rounds of blank cartridge. It is expected that a full turn out wil be made, as business of importance demands every member present, who wishes any benefit arising from the late Military Law, passed April, 1858.

By order of the Capt.

WM. DIBERT, O. S.

Dec. 10, 1858.

CASH BUYERS,

LOOK TO YOUR INTERESTS,

AND buy your goods at the CHEAP STORE of

OSTER, MANSPEAKER & CARN,

Where they have just received their second supply of

NEW WINTER GOODS.

Embracing a large and well selected Stock of all kinds of GOODS for the season, and at greatly REDUCED PRICES. They call special attention to their

Boot and Shoe Department,

Where you will find a large and varied stock of

BOOTS and SHOES,

Made expressly to their order, and which they will sell at the lowest prices.

N. B. Produce taken in exchange for GOODS.

Dec. 3, 1858.–2m.

A. B. Cramer & Co.

HAVE just received a large and general assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

all of which have been purchased since the great decline in prices East.

Our assortment is the best we have ever offered, including all the newest styles in every department.

Unprecedented bargains will be offered our friends and customers for cash or produce.

A liberal credit will be extended to those only, who will promptly settle their accounts every January, by *cash or note.*

No trouble to show goods. Call and see the bargains.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Oct. 29, 1858.

BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared, at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for castings of any description for Grist and Saw Mills, Threshing Machines, Apple Mills, Ploughs, and all things else in their line that may be needed in this or the adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2 4 or 6 Horse power, *warranted* equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Woodcock, Plug, and Hillside Ploughs, *warranted* to give satisfaction or *no sale.* Points, shares and landsides, to fit all Woodcock or Seyler Ploughs in the County.

Farmer's Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at Foundry prices at the store of Wm Hartley, Bedford, Pa., Louderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp., John Nycum & Son, Rays Hill. Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner, and all work warranted. Call and examine our work and castings and judge for yourselves.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.–tf.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises in Pleasantville, St. Clair Township, on

SATURDAY, THE 8th OF JANUARY, next,

the following described real estate, viz:

A Lot of ground in said Town, with Dwelling House, Store House, Stable and other improvements thereon, now in possession of Simon Hershman.

Terms: Cash at confirmation of sale.

O. E. SHANNON,
Adm'r of the estate of Louisa Hammer, dec'd.

Nov. 26, 1858.–d.

WM. C. LOGAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

McCONNELLSBURG, PA.

WILL practice in the Courts of Fulton, Bedford and Franklin Counties. ☞Office on Main Street, opposite Speer's Hotel.

September 3, 1858.

WALL and BLIND PAPER.—Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store, our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our spring selections with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg

SWAIM'S PANACEA at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

FOR SALE, OR TRADE.

A Farm within one mile of the Rail Road and two miles of Stoverstown, in the Broad Top Coal region, containing about 160 acres, being good bottom land—about one-half cleared and the balance well timbered. The farm is well improved, and a fine spring of excellent water at the door of the house—also two good orchards of fruit trees on the premises.

ALSO,

A farm in Morrison's cove, adjoining lands of David Stuckey, Barley's heirs, Jacob Furry and others, containing about 200 acres, one half cleared and the balance well timbered, with an abundance of locust and chestnut timber. There are several never failing springs upon the premises with a constantly running stream through the farm. There is also a large and thrifty young orchard bearing fruit thereon. The improvements are a rough cast House, Log Barn and out buildings.

ALSO,

160 acres of land in Harrison County, Iowa, of first class prairie, close to timber and within a few miles of the Missouri river above Council Bluffs.

ALSO,

334 acres in Story Co., Iowa

ALSO,

113 acres in Pottawattamie Co., Iowa, near Council Bluffs.

ALSO

Lot no. 8 of block 53 in the city of Omaha, Nebraska Territory

ALSO,

1280 acres land in Austin County, Texas, East of the Brazos River on the Texas central rail road which runs through the land. It is well watered being upon the head waters of Cypress creek.

ALSO,

320 acres in Comanche County, Texas, on Wieslers creek, 4 miles East of the Leon River, and on the line of the Memphis and El Passo rail road now in process of construction.

ALSO.

The farm in Morrison's Cove, adjoining Bloomfield Furnace, known as the "Pearson property" lately owned by David Daniels, containing 131 acres and 60 perches, with an excellent orchard of fruit trees thereon and never failing water at the door. The improvements are one large frame House, one log House and barn, with convenient out-builings. The land is good—produces well, and is in a high state of cultivation. A good pike is close by, leading to Hollidaysburg, which, with the Furnaces make a ready market at the door for all kinds of produce.

Nov. 12, 1858. O. E. SHANNON.

Notice of Inquisition.

WHEREAS, Philip H. Hoover, late of Juniata Township, Bedford County died, seized of the following real estate, to wit: a tract of land, situate in said township, containing one hundred and eighty two acres, more or less, with about 90 acres cleared, having thereon erected two dwelling houses, barn, stable, &c., adjoining lands of Jacob Dull, Henry Horn, Peter Hilligas and others, which by his last will and testament he devised to his sons, to wit: George, residing in Stark County, Ohio; Henry and John residing in Bedford County, Pa.; William, residing in Somerset County, Pa.; Philip, residing in Bedford County, aforesaid; and Jacob, residing in Henry County, Iowa; leaving also a widow, Margaret Hoover, to whom he gave the "one third of all the interest of all his estate," but who declines taking under the will aforesaid; leaving issue also daughters, to wit: Catherine, Maria, Susanna; and grandchildren, the issue of Margaret, and of Elizabeth, both deceased.

Now therefore, a writ of partition or valuation having been granted, on petition by the Orphans Court of Bedford County, and to me directed, notice is hereby given to all the above parties interested, that I will proceed to hold an inquisition or valuation on the said premises, on Thursday, the 30th day of December instant, on the premises, when and where all persons interested can attend.

WM. S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Bedford Dec. 3, 1858.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises, on *Saturday the 1st day of January, next*, the following described real estate, being a tract of land containing 50 *acres* or thereabouts, 30 of which are cleared and under fence.

The improvements are a *Grist Mill, Log and frame Dwelling House, Barn* and other out-buildings.—There is also an *orchard* thereon.

This property is in Londonderry Township, adjoining lands of Christian Allbright, Jas. Mattingly, John M. Buchanan and others.

It is close to the route of the Connellsville rail road—in close proximity with Cumberland and presents opportunities for a profitable investment.

Terms: Cash at confirmation of sale.

CHARLES HOYMAN,
J. C. ALLBRIGHT.

Adm'rs of the Estate of Sam'l Hoyman, dec'd.

Nov. 19, 1858.–d.

LOOK OUT!

NEW GOODS!

ALTHOUGH the prospects of the Railroad are not very flattering, the friends of that enterprise have not yet quite despaired of ultimate success. Hoping that the people will see that it is not only to their interest to have the road completed as soon as possible, but that they should bear in mind that

REED & MINNICH

Have just received from the city, and are now opening out at their

Cheap Cash and Produce Store,

a large assortment of Cassimeres, Cloths, Prints, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Ginghams,

GROCERIES,

Coffee, Sugar, Syrup, extra pulverized Sugar, Cheese, &c., &c.

All of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms for *cash* or *produce.*

Nov. 19, 1858.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public sale on the premises on

FRIDAY THE 7th DAY OF JANUARY NEXT,

the following described real estate situate in St. Clair Township, viz: a tract of land containing 181 acres and 90 perches, with Log House, Frame Barn and other buildings threon. There is also an apple orchard on the premises.

This land adjoins John R. and Andrew Mowry, Christ's heirs, Jacob Burket and others—is in a good state of cultivation, is well watered and presents fair opportunities for profitable investment.

Terms: Cash at confirmation of Sale.

O. E. SHANNON,
Adm'r of the Estate of Philip Ickes, dec'd.

Nov. 26, 1858.–d.

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Partnership heretofore existing and doing business under the firm name of Barclay & Garretson, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The Books, &c., are in the hands of B. W. Garretson, who is authorized to settle the business of the late firm.

S. M. BARCLAY.
B. W. GARRETSON.

Nov. 5, 1858.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded, at all hours of the day or night at Dr Harry's, Drug Store.

August6, 1858.

APPEALS.

NOTICE is hereby given to the taxable inhabitants of the County of Bedford, that an appeal will be held by the County Commissioners, on the days, and at the places specified, to wit:

For Liberty Township on Monday the 10th day of January next, at the house of George Tricker.

Broad Top Township on Tuesday the 11th at the house of James S. Beckwith.

East Providence Township on Wednesday the 12th at the house of D. A. T. Black

Monroe Township on Thursday the 13th at the house of Mrs. Rity.

Southampton Township on Friday the 14th at the house of William Adams Esq.

Colerain Township on Saturday the 15th at the house of Joshua Filler.

Cumberland Valley Township on Monday the 17th at the house of Jacob Anderson.

Londonderry Township on Tuesday the 18th at the house of John Miller.

Harrison Township on Wednesday the 19th at the house of V. B. Wertz.

Juniata Township on Thursday the 20th at the house of Joseph Foller.

Napier township on Friday the 21st at the house of J. M. Robison, (in the Borough of Schellsburg.)

Schellsburg Borough on Monday the 24th at the house of J. M. Robison.

St. Clair Township on Tuesday the 25th at the house of Gideon D. Trout.

Union Township on Wednesday the 26th at the house of Michael Wyant.

Middle Woodbery Township on Thursday the 27th at the house of Henry Flack.

South Woodberry Township on Friday the 28th at the house of A. & J. Stoner.

Hopewell Township on Saturday the 29th at the house of John Dasher.

West Providence Township on Monday the 31st at the house of Philip Steckman.

Snakespring township on Tuesday the 1st day of February next at the house of Daniel L. Defibaugh.

Bedford Township on Wednesday the 2d at the Commissioners office.

Bedford Borough on Thursday the 3rd at the Commissioners office.

When and where all persons and corporations feeling themselves agrieved at the enumeration and valuation of their taxable property and effects, made pursuant to the several Acts of Assembly, in such case made and provided, are requested to attend and state their greivances for redress according to law.

H. NICODEMUS Clerk to Commissioners office.
H. J. BRUNER,
C. EVANS,
J. BECKLEY, Com'rs.

Dec. 24, 1858.–d.

Bedford County, ss.

At an Orphans Court, held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 15th day of November, A. D., 1858, before the same Court,

On motion of JOHN MOWER, Esq., the Court grant a Rule upon the heirs and legal representatives of John Claar, late of Bedford Borough, in said County, dec'd, to wit: Jacob, who is dead, leaving issue, a Daughter, Mary Ann, who is intermarried with George Hines, residing in the State of Ohio, Mary McKinley residing in Bedford, Catharine, intermarried with Anthony Seiffer, residing in Bedford, John, who is dead, leaving five Children, viz: George, residing in the West, Henry, residing in Fredrick County, Md., William residing in the West, Margaret, intermarried with George Beckley, residing in Fredrick County, Md., and John residing at the same place, Joseph, Sarah, intermarried with Thomas Slack, now dead, leaving issue, six children, residing in Bedford County, viz: George, Mary, intermarried with G. J. Rock, Jane, Margaret, Amanda and Franklin, Elizabeth, intermarried with Jacob Over, residing in Bedford and Samuel, residing in the State of Kentucky, to be and appear at an Orphans Court to be held at Bedford in and for said County, on the 2d Monday, 14th day of February next, to accept or refuse to take the said Real Estate of said John Claar, deceased, at the Valuation, or show cause why the same should not be sold by order of the said Court.

L.S. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have hereto set my hand, and seal of said Court, at Bedford, the 24th day of November, A. D 1858.

Attest, SAMUEL H. TATE, Clerk.
WILLIAM S. FLUKE, Sheriff.

Dec. 17, 1858.

HO! FOR BARGAINS!

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

J. & J. M. SHOMAKER respectfully beg leave to inform their numerous friends and patrons that they have just returned from the eastern Cities, and are now opening one of the best stocks of goods that have ever been brought to Bedford, which they will sell at a very small advance; consisting in part of a general assortment of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Queensware, Hardware, &c., &., &c.

Also, a large assortment of *Groceries*, such as Syrup, Molasses, White and Brown Sugars, Fish, Cheese, Salt, Spices, Indigo, Coffee, Extract of Coffee, Candles, Tar and Oil, Tobacco, &c., &c., &c.

To good and punctual customers, a credit of six months will be given.

Thankful for past favors, they hope to receive a liberal share of public patronage.

All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods, for which the highest market prices will be paid.

Oct. 22, 1858.

RICH FALL GOODS!

MRS. SARAH E. POTTS,

HAS just returned from the cities with a large and handsome stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Elegant cheap goods of all kinds, English merinos, 25 cts. per yard, shawls of every discription, and all prices, bought low at auction. Also, a large and handsome assortment of cloaks, furs victorine capes, cuffs and muffs, bonnets of all kinds, velvet, satin, drawn silks, gray straw, trimmed and untrimmed. An endless assortment of ribbons, feathers and flowers and rushes, gloves and hosiery, boots and shoes, and a full assortment of all kinds of FANCY GOODS.

Country Milliners can be supplied with all kinds of Millinary Goods.

Oct. 22, 1858.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans Court of Bedford County, the subscriber will sell at public sale on the premises, on Saturday the 22d of January next,

A HOUSE AND LOT OF GROUND,

late the property of Mrs. Sophia Mower, dec'd situate in Bainsburg, Colerain Township, Bedford County, being the 14th lot north from the public square, and on the East side of main street, containing 82½ feet in front and running 198 feet back, adjoining Joshua Filler on the north an alley on the east and south and main street on the west. The improvements are a two story log house, with a large number of good fruit trees on the lot, such as apples, plums, cherries, pears, &c.

The terms will be cash.

EMANUEL J. DIEHL, Adm'r.

MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Pianos, Melodeons, Flutes, Guitars, Brass Horns, Clarionets, Drums, etc., of various manufacture, always on hand. *Banks supplied at city wholesale rates.* We keep always on hand a full assortment of all the new and fashionable music, which we mail *at our expense* to any part of the country.

N. B. Music arranged to order.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg.

March 7, 1857.

THE GREAT BEAUTIFIER

So Long Unsuccessfully Sought,

FOUND AT LAST!

FOR IT RESTORES PERMANENTLY GRAY hair to its original color; covers luxuriantly the bald head; removes all dandruff, itching and all scrofula, scald head and all eruptions; makes the hair soft, healthy, and glossy; and will preserve it to any imaginable age, removes, as if by magic, all blotches, &c. from the face, and cures all neuralgia and nervous head ache. See circular and the following.

DOVER, N. H., Feb. 2d, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO—Gents: Within a few days we have received so many orders and calls for Pro. O. J. Wood's Hair Restorative, that to day we were compelled to send to Boston for a quantity. (the 6 dozen you forwarded all being sold,) while we might order a quantity from you. *Every bottle we have sold seems to have produced three new customers* and the approbation, and patronage it receives from the most substantial and worthy citizens of our vicinity, fully convince us that it is A MOST VALUABLE PREPARATION.

Send us as soon as you can gross of $1 size; and one dozen $2 size; and believe us yours very respectfully.

DANIEL LATHORP & Co.

Hickory Grove, St. Charles Co., Mo. Nov. 19, '56.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: Some time last summer we were induced to use some of your Hair Restorative, and its effects were so wonderful, we feel it our duty to you and the afflicted, to report it.

Our little son's head for some time had been perfectly covered with sores, and some called it scald head. The hair almost entirely came off in consequence, when a friend, seeing his sufferings, advised us to use your Restorative, we did so with little hope of success, but to our surprise, and that of all our friends a very few applications removed the disease entirely, and a new and luxuriant crop of hair soon started out, and we can now say that our boy has as healthy a scalp, and as luxuriant a crop of hair as any other child. We can therefore, and do hereby recommend your Restorative, as a perfect remedy for all diseases of the scalp and hair. We are, yours respectfully,

GEORGE W. HIGGINBOTHAM,
SARAH A. HIGGINBOTHAM.

Gardiner, Maine, June 22, 1855.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—Dear Sir: I have used two bottles of Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the Hair. Before using it I was a man of seventy. My Hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of the worst kind.

Yours Respectfully,
DANIEL N. MURPHY.

O. J. WOOD & CO., Proprietors 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railing Establishment.) and 114 Market Street, St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry.

And sold by all good Druggists.

Oct. 1, 1858.

PICKLES AND SHOES TO BOOT.

"Many men of many minds,"
Many shoes of many kinds;
From sizes one to number nine,
Allowing some for heel behind.

Boots for men and women too,
Some high, some low, some old and new,
With shanghai tops and pointed heels,
To make him high who lowly feels.

If prices do not suit your mind,
Just take a little cheaper kind;
But when you buy cheap shoes, beware,
For cheapest shoes are first to tear.

If fruits or pickles well put up,
Preserved fruits, or nice catsup,
Be bothering any one to taste,
To FERGUSON'S be sure to haste.

Tobacco and cigars are there,
Of qualities and kinds quite rare;
To please the taste of every one,
And make the boys appear full grown.

We take all kinds of trade for goods,
E'en wagons full from out the woods—
All kinds of produce, and of grain,
Will be received and sold again.

Now call and see this store of shoes,
Of pickles and preserves for use;
And when you call, just bring along,
What is the object of our song.

HARD TIMES RELIEF!

Nov. 5, 1858.

NOTICE.

GEORGE B. AMICK, surviving partner of the late firm of GEO. B. AMICK & BROTHER, notifies all persons interested, that the books of said firm remain in his hands for settlement, and that circumstances demand an immediate closing up of the business of said firm. Persons indebted or having settlements to make, are therefore requested to call on the subscriber without delay.

St. Clairsville, June 11, 1858.–tf.

The subscriber will continue the *mercantile business* at the *old stand*, where he will be happy to meet and supply the wants of his friends and customers at all times. He will receive in a couple of weeks a new supply of seasonable goods, which he is determined to sell on the most reasonable terms. GEO. B. AMICK.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make.—Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly.—Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASHCOM.

Nov. 6, 1857.

STRAY.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in Bedford township, some time in August last, a red and white spotted steer, supposed to be about three years old, a crop off the left ear, and a piece out of the right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

CHARLES SMITH.

Dec. 10, 1858.–c.

PURE CASTOR OIL at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral and Jayne's Expectorant at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

DR. W. H. WHITMOR,

OF Lancaster City, late of Philadelphia, where he has been in successful practice for a number of years, received his education at the best Medical College in the United States, and had the experience and practice in the different Hospitals for several years, a member of the Analytical Medical Institute of New York, and late Surgeon of the United States Navy, now offers himself to the public to attend any professional calls.

The purest medicines always on hand direct from the best Laboratories of our country, and the Botanical Gardens of the world. No patent medicine prescribed or recommended. Medicines used only which will not break down the constitution, but will renovate the system from all injuries it has sustained from mineral medicines. Chronic and difficult diseases must be treated upon analytical principles, which is to know and ascertain what disease is. Its nature and character require a knowledge of the chemical constituents of every solid and fluid of the human body; the changes those solids and fluids are capable of undergoing. To know what medicines to employ to cure diseases, requires a knowledge of the chemical constituents of all agents employed in medicine; and if we are in possession of this knowledge, it is possible to cure any disease—no matter of how long standing—and leave the patient in a healthy and perfectly cured condition.

Melancholy, Aberration, or that state of alienation and weakness of the mind which renders persons incapable of enjoying the pleasures of performing the duties of life; Dyspepsia; that distressing disease and fell destroyer of health and happiness, undermining the constitution, and yearly carrying thousands to untimely graves, can most emphatically be cured. Rheumatism, in any form or condition, chronic or acute, warranted curable; Epilepsy or falling sickness; all chronic and stubborn cases of Female Diseases radically removed; Salt Rheum, and every description of ulcerations; Piles and Scrofulous Diseases, which have baffled all previous medical skill can be cured by my treatment, when the constitution is not exhausted.

I do say all diseases (yes, *Consumption*) can be cured.

☞ *Cancer cured without the knife.*

I will remain in my office on WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, from 9 o'clock A. M., to accommodate patients from a distance, and consult in the English and German languages. Will make visits to any distance if required. May be addressed by letter, Fulton Square, Lancaster city, Pa.

July 30, 1858–1y.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR,

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD.

Compounded entirely from GUMS,

IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic*, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the s omach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics*. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The Liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body, and when it performs its functions well the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the Liver for the proper performance of its functions. When the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the *Liver*—having ceased to do its duty. For the disease of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the weak machinery, removing the causes of the disease, and effecting a radical cure.

Bilious attacks are cured, and, what is better, prevented by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents nightmare.

Only one dose taken at night loosens the bowels gently, and cures costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia.

☞One dose of two tea-spoonsful will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while

One dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a preventive of Cholera.

One dose taken often will prevent the recurrence of bilious attacks, while it relieves all painful feelings.

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all yellowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while summer and bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by worms, while for worms in children, there is no safer or speedier remedy in the world, as it *never fails.*

A few bottles cures Dropsy, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Bilious Type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor. ☞Mix Water in the Mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR

The Liver Invigorator

Is a great scientific Medical Discovery, and is daily working cures almost too great to believe. It cures as it by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit* and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of *Liver* Complaint, from the worst Jaundice or Dyspepsia to a common headache, all of which are the result of a *Diseased Liver.*

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor, 345 Broadway, N. Y.

Sold in Bedford by Dr. B. F. HARRY, and retailed by all Druggists.

June 11, 5858.–zz.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,

CHAMBERSBURG, PA.,

BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS, and Dealers in Music and Musical Instruments. Our stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall papers, Blinds, French, German and American Lithographs and steel engravings, gilt mouldings for frames, etc., etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 7, 1857.

Executor's Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted to the subscriber, living in Cumberland Valley Township, on the Estate of Catherine Hardinger, late of said Township, dec'd all person indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

LEVI HARDINGER,
Executor.

Dec. 10, 1858.–f.

PURE WHITE LEAD, Linseed oil and Spirits Turpentine at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

THE INQUIRER

Is published every Friday morning, in Juliana Street, in the white frame building, nearly opposite the Mengel House, by

DAVID OVER.

TERMS:

If paid in advance, $1.50; within the year, $2.00; and if not paid within the year, $2.50 will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid—except at the option of the Editor. A failure to notify a discontinuance will be regarded as a new engagement.

Advertisements not exceeding a square, (10 lines.) inserted three times for $1—every subsequent insertion, 25 cents. Longer ones in the same proportion. Each fraction of a square counted as a full square. All advertisements not specially ordered for a given time will be continued until forbid. A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

Job Printing of all kinds executed neatly and promptly and on reasonable terms.

DR. B. F. HARRY

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hofius.

Nov. 6, 1857.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

DR. HARRY, at the Cheap Drug and Book Store, has just received, a large assortment of the best flavoring extracts, together with Baking Soda, Cream of Tartar, Saleratus, &c., of the very best quality, all of which he will sell the lowest prices.

Plastering Laths !!

THE UNDERSIGNED having erected a Mill for sawing PLASTERING LATHS on his premises in Union Tp., Bedford county, is now ready to furnish any quantity on the shortest notice. Price $1.50 per thousand, 3 ft. long. Other lengths in proportion.

Letters addressed to me at St. Clairsville, will be promptly attended to.

WM. GRIFFITH.

Union Tp., Feb. 16, 1854.-zz.

JOB MANN, G. H. SPANG.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have associated themselves in the Pratice of the Law, and will promptly attend to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of Mengel House and opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

MANN & SPANG

June 1,—1854. tf.

Dr. F. C Reamer,
Physician and Surgeon.

Respectfully tenders his services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. He may always be found (unless professionally engaged) at his Drug and Book Store, in Juliana St.

Feb. 19, 1857.

Hummel's
Premium Essence of Coffee.

COFFEE made by it will have a more delicate and finer flavor, and will be much more wholesome. It will also be clear without requiring anything to clarify it. For sale by

OSTER, MANSPEAKER & CARN.

New Store, No. 1, Cheapside.

June 18, 1858.

DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care. Teeth filled, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.

☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.

Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

Sold Out.

THE undersigned having disposed of his entire stock of Goods begs leave to notify all persons knowing themselves indebted to him either by note or book account to call and settle before the first of January 1859.

All neglecting to do so will find their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection.

G. W. RUPP.

Oct. 22, 1858.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
CHAMBERSBURG, PA.,

BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS, and Dealers in Music and Musical Instruments. Our stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall papers, Blinds, French, German and American Lithographs and steel engravings, gilt mouldings for frames, etc., etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 7, 1857.

R. D. BARCLAY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL attend promptly and faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care.

☞Office on Juliana Street, in the building formerly occupied by S. M. Barclay, Esq., dec'd.

March 26, 1858.

ALLEGHENY MALE AND FEMALE
SEMINARY,
Rainsburg, Pa.

THE Summer Term will open August 5th, Fall Term, October 21st, 1858, and Winter Term, January 18th, and Spring Term, April 5th, 1859. Circulars, with full particulars, may be had of

W. W. BRIM, A. B., *Principal*.

N. B. Half the tuition must be paid in *advance*. Students coming to this institution will be conveyed from Bedford free of charge, on the 17th of January, by addressing a letter to Mr. Saml. Williams, of Rainsburg.

June 4, 1858.-zz.

Executor's Notice.

LETTERS testamentary having been ganted to the subscriber, living in Cumberland Valley Township, on the Estate of Catherine Hardinger, late of said Township, dec'd all person indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

LEVI HARDINGER,
Executor.

Dec. 10, 1858.-f.

PURE WHITE LEAD, Flaxseed oil and Spirits Turpentine at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

WHITE TEETH and a perfumed breath can be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." To be had at

DR. HARRYS.

March 6, 1857.

HAGERSTOWN ALMANACS for 1859, at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

Dec. 17, 1858.

JAYNE'S Wrights, Bennett's and Dyott's pills at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

BURNING FLUID and Pine oil always to be had at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

THE
"GREAT REPUBLIC" MONTHLY.

To the Public, the Book and Periodical Trade, and the Press.

We have the honor to announce that we shall issue, on or about the 1st of December next, so as to be in season to command the early attention of the public and the periodical trade, the FIRST NUMBER OF A NEW ILLUSTRATED MAGAZINE, to be called THE 'GREAT REPUBLIC' MONTHLY.

It is intended to make this Magaze superior in every respect to anything ever before issued in this country. The general scope of its character can best be understood by its name. It will be thoroughly national—in no wise sectional or sectarian, and wholly impersonal. It will offer to the writers and thinkers of this Union a common field, where they can meet on the highest ground of cotemporary literature. It will aim to gather about it every variety of intellect.

The range of articles will be a wide one, covering, among other grounds, Essays, Sketches, Humorous Tales, Stories, Historical Incidents, Reviews, Critiques, Biographies, Scientific Articles, Travels, Table Talk, Dramas, Incidents, Politics, Poems, Ballads, Stanzas, Sonnets, Music, Correspondence, Gossip, etc., etc., etc.

The Magazine will be profusely illustrated in the highest style of wood engraving.

The Literary department will present greater variety, combined with more thorough excellence, it is believed, than ever before offered to the American public in a single periodical. The following authors and popular writers are included in the list of contributors engaged:

George D. Prentice,	Thomas Mackellar,
Charles Swain,	H J Brent, (Stirrup,)
Fitzgreen Halleck,	F W Hunt, M D,
Charles J. Ingersoll,	Edmund Flagg,
Oresters A. Brownson,	Fayette Hurd,
Gen. Geo. P. Morris,	Hannah F Gould,
Nathaniel Deering,	Sarah Helen Whitman,
Hon. Charles Gayarre,	Caroline K Kinkland,
Wm. Gillmore Simms,	Elizabeth F Ellet,
Park Benjamin,	Jane Ermina Locke,
Albert Pike, of Ark.,	Alice Carey,
Abbe Adrian Rouquette,	Phebe Carey,
Rev. Ralph Hoyt,	Madame Levert,
Seba Smith, (J Downing,)	Mary Forest,
J T Headley,	M E Stebbins, (Mrs Hewett.)
John G Saxe,	Elizabeth Oakes Smith,
Lieut M F Maury,	Anna C Botta, (Miss Lynch,)
Ddward S Goulu,	Louisa S McCord,
Charles F Briggs,	Maria J McIntosh,
C P Cranch,	Alice B Haven,
Wm H C Hosmer.	Pamelia S Vining,
George W Peck,	Mary A Rice,
R H Stoddard,	Ada M Kennicott,
John R Thompson,	Elizabeth K Churchill,
Frederick S. Cozzens,	Clara Doty,
A J Requier,	Abbie W Cracker,
Maj J H Eaton, U S A,	Nellie Burchfield,
Levi Reuben,	Ann E Porter,
Thomas Dunn English,	Lucy N Godfrey,
Duncan Kennedy,	Lavinia S Goodwin,
Rev Newell A Prince,	Jane G Austin.
Henry B Hirst,	
Henry Ward Pettit,	

In addition to the foregoing brilliant array of American authors, there are a large number of first-class writers engaged, (among them some of the most distinguished of the day,) who are compelled, from pre-existing engagements, or other causes, to withhold their names for the present, but who will, nevertheless, contribute frequently to our pages. We would also announce that we shall add to our list of contributors the names of other distinguished authors, as soon as satisfactory arrangements can be completed.

Eace number will contain an original piece of music, composed expressly for this work

Of the superior excellence of the Magazine in every respect, and of the certainty of its permanent success, very little more need be said.

The terms and general conditions of Magazine will be as follows:

TERMS:

VOLUMES.—There will be two volumes a year, of about 700 royal octavo pages each, commencing in January and July, and ending in June and December, respectively, making six numbers to each volume, and twelve numbers to each year. Subscriptions may commence at any time.

PRICES.—Single copies, $ 0 25

Subscription, 1 copy one year, sent by mail,		3 00
CLUBS, 2 copies one year,		5 00
" 3 " " "		7 00
" 4 " " "		9 00
" 5 " " "		10 00

And all additional copies, over five, at the rate of $2 each, if sent to the same Club. Clubs may be formed at different Post Offices. All subscriptions must be paid in advance.

PREMIUM SUBSCRIPTIONS.—Entitling the subscriber to the Magazine for one year, and to their choice of either of our two great steel engravings, entitled, "THE LAST SUPPER," AND "THE CITY OF THE GREAT KING," FOUR DOLLARS.

The engraving will be sent on rollers by mail, prepaid.

AGENTS AND CANVASSERS can make liberal and satisfactory arrangements upon application, stating the territory required.

All Postmasters and clergymen are authorized to receive subscriptions, whichthey may forward to us, giving name and address of subscriber, and deduct 25 per cent, for their trouble.

POSTAGE AND POST OFFICE REGULATIONS.—The rate of postage willnot exceed three cents for each number, to be paid in all cases at the office where it is received.

CANADIAN SUBSCRIBERS will remit thirty-six cents each, in addition to subscription, to prepay postage to the line.

All communications to be entitled to answer, must contain return stamps.

Subscribers must in all cases write names, Town, County and State in full, as legibly as possible.

There is little risk in sending money by mail.—Large sums should be remitted by draft, if possible, or registered letter. OAKSMITH & CO., Publishers of the "Great Republic" Monthly, 112 and 114 William street, New York.

Nov. 26, 1858.

LADIES BAZAAR.

THE Ladies of Bedford and vicinity, are invited to call and examine the handsome assortment of *Fall and Winter Goods*, now opened, and ready for inspection, at the BAZAAR.

DRESS GOODS.

Consisting in part of Robe and plain Silks, Cashmers, Poil Decheveres, flounced and side striped DeLaine Robes, fancy and Bayadere DeLaines, French, plain and printed DeLaines, Opera Flannels English and French Merinos, Poplins, Velvets, DeBeigs, Brilliants, American and French Ginghams, English and American Prints. Shawls—a great variety such as, Long, Square and Mantilla.—Cloaks—Circular, Raglan and Mantilla styles. Furs—Ladies and Gents—Chenille Scarfs. Expansion, Skirts &c.

BONNETS,

Brilal, Velvet, Silk, Satin, Tufted Silk, Chenille, Straw and morning bonnets, Infant's Caps, Childrens' and Missis' Straw and Silk Bonnets, Ladies' dress caps, Head-dresses. Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers—French and American, and Millinery goods generally.

EMBROIDERIES.

A handsome assortment of French Sets, Collars, Childrens Sets, Edgings, Laces, Flouncings Veils, &c.

Hosiery—Gloves—Shoes—Perfumery—Jewelry, and an endless variety of Fancy articles.

All of the above goods have been purchased at prices to suit the times.

Call Ladies and examine for yourselves.

Country Milliners supplied with all kinds of Millinery.

The Public will please accept Mrs. H D. PEUGH'S thanks for the liberal patronage she has received.

Nov. 5. 1858.

PURE CASTOR OIL at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral and Jayne's Expectorant at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.

BEDFORD
Machine Shop!

THE subscriber would most respectfully announce to the farming community, and public in general, that he still continues to manufacture at his shop, in Bedford, Pa., the following farming utensils, of the very best material, and in the most workmanlike manner, viz:

Four and Six Horse Tumbling Shaft Power Machines,

with large open cylinders, six staves, and spikes screwed in, and improved Straw Shakers attached. Their superiors for strength and speed are not made in this or any other County in the State.

Four Horse Tumbling Shaft and Strap power Machine, with cylinder open or shut, as may be desired, and shaker of the best kind, for convenience, ease of draft, and perfect working. This machine has no superior any where. THREE HORSE MACHINES, of the same kind. TWO AND THREE HORSE TUMBLING SHAFT POWER MACHINES, a very convenient and excellent machine for small farmers, with or without shakers.

HILL SIDE PLOUGHS,

of a very superior pattern to any in use in this country. SINGLE AND DOUBLE SHOVEL PLOUGHS, WITH STEEL SHOVELS.

CULTIVATORS,

Peckham's New York FIVE-HOED STEEL POINT EXPANDING CULTIVATOR; Rogers Pittsburg patent STEEL TOOTH EXPANDING CULTIVATOR, for working corn, or seeding in grain, Fanning Mills, Horse Rakes Lever Cutting Boxes, Harrows and Wheelbarrows, made to order.

All the above articles constantly on hand, and sold on reasonable terms.

REPAIRING of all kinds of Machines, whether made here or elsewhere, done on the shortest notice.

Castings for all my machines and Ploughs, made at the Foundry of Mr. Michael Bannan, in Bedford, and will compare with any made in the State for strength and durability *BLACKSMITHING* done to order. All my work warrented to give satisfaction.

From a past experience of twenty years in the Machine business, I feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call. Call and examine my work before you purchase elsewhere, as I am determined to please all.

Horses, grain of all kinds, lumber and iron, will be taken in exchange for work.

PETER H. SHIRES.
Machinist.

Bedford, May 7, 1858.-8m

NEW AUTUMN
AND
WINTER GOODS.

OSTER MANSPEAKER & CARN, have now in store a complete stock of

Seasonable Dry Goods,

Embracing printed Byadere, Pacific, and Hamilton Delaines, Robes Volentine, Robes A'Quilla, rich Black and Fancy Silks, Saxony and Paris Plaids, Coburgs and Merinos, in all desirable colors, from 25 cts. up. Plain and printed Persian Cloth, from 12½ cts. up, printed Flannels, Indian Linens, Swiss and Cambrick Muslins, Scotch Plaid and Bay State Blanket Shawls from $1,50 up, Gloves and Hosiery, dress trimmings and Fringes, Morino under shirts and drawers, Comforts and Scarfs. Bleached and unbleached Muslins, in all widths, from 6¼ cts. up, checks, ginghams, tickings, flannels, new style fall Prints from 6¼ cts. up, Linseys, Jeans, Satinetts from 37½ cts. up, Cassimers, Cloths, and every other article usually kept in a well assorted

STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

Together with a large assortment of Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Glass and Queensware, Cutlery, Fresh family Groceries, &c. &c.

We respectfully invite every person to call and examine our Goods before purchasing as we are determined to sell exceedingly low for cash or approved produce.

Oct. 15, 1858.

THE PHILADELPHIA
EVENING BULLETIN.

An Independent Daily Newspaper, devoted especially to the Interests of Pennsylvania

CONTAINING

IMPORTANT TELEGRAPHIC NEWS,
Sixteen Hours in Advance of Morning Papers.

Original, Foreign and Domestic Correspondence.

Editorials on all subjects, and Full Reports of all the news of the day. The Commercial and Financial Departments are full, and are carfully attended to.

☞As an advertising Medium there is no better paper in the State the circulation being next to the largest in the city, and among the most intelligent and influential of the population.

TERMS:

SIX DOLLARS PER YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

CUMMINGS & PEACOCK, Prop'rs.
112 South Third st., Philadelphia.

THE PHILADELPHIA

SATURDAY BULLETIN,

A HANDSOME, WELL FILLED

Family Weekly Newspaper,

Is published by the Proprietors at the following unprecedented low rates:

1 copy, one year,		$1 00
6 copies	"	5 00
13	" "	10 00
21	" "	15 00
30	" "	20 00
100	" "	50 00

FURTHER INDUCEMENTS!

The largest club (over 100) will be sent for three years.

The next largest club (over 100) will be sent for two years. Address

CUMMINGS & PEACOCK, Prop'rs.
[No. 112 South Third st., Philada.

Dec. 3, 1858.

New Jewelry.

THE subscriber has opened out a new and splendid assortment of all kinds of the most fashionable Jewelry—consisting in part of Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, &c. &c. Call and see his stock.

de14 DANIEL BORDER.

STRAY.

CAME to the premises of the subscriber, living in Bedford township, some time in August last, a red and white spotted steer, supposed to be about three years old, a crop off the left ear, and a piece out of the right ear. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

CHARLES SMITH.

Dec. 10, 1858.-c.

D. S. RIDDLE,

Formerly of Bedford, Pa.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

74, WALL ST. NEW YORK.

All business promptly atended to.

Dec. 3, 1858.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

IN order to make room for Fall and Winter Goods J. & J. M. Shoemaker will sell goods at very reduced prices, at the Colonnade Store.

Aug. 27.

HOME JOURNAL, 1859.

NEW SERIES—NEW ATTTACTIONS—NEW **WRITERS.**

MORRIS AND WILLIS, EDITORS.

A new Series of this widely-circulated family newspaper, will commenced on *the first day of January next*—printed on fine paper and new type.

With the January number will begin the publication of *a series of Beautiful.*

Original Works of Facts and Fiction,

written expressly for the Home Journal, by the best.

AUTHORS OF AMERICA.

The first of these is from the pen of a gifted writer, and is a tale of love and lucre, entitled,

TWO WAYS TO WEDLOCK!

BY A LADY CONTRIBUTOR.

The scene is lain in this city during the memerable winter of the great fire. The incidents are natural and familiar, and the characters skilfully drawn and grouped: the plot is clearly defined and well-managed—the style easy, graceful and flowing, and the *denouncement* conveys a most useful lesson. *It is a work of sterling merit.*

This story will be followed by a "Tale of the South," and one of startling interest, by an eminent Southern author, called

THE AVENGER!

This production is entirely American in construction, plot, incident, dialogue, scene, tone, conclusion. It could not have been true of any other country, and possesses attractions of a peculiar nature for those "to the manor born." It is *spicality*—a *bonne bouche* of remarkable value.

The third on this attractive series of American stories is

THE YOUNG WIFE'S DIARY.

BY A DAUNHTER OF THE WEST.

It contains the whole history of womans's trials, and will be read with the deepest feeling by all classes of the community.

These charming stories will be succeeded by others of a similar description, several of which are already in preparation.

All the former peculiar features of this paper, which have it a world-wide reputation, will be continued, while the several new ones will give an infinite variety to its ever diversified pages. Among them are a number of fresh, spicy, amusing,

Original Comic Stories,

which smack and relish of the wit, humor, raciness, brilliancy, and sparkle of the times.

As heretofore, no labor nor expense will be spared to maintain the high reputation of the Home Journal, which is everywhere, both at home and abroad, acknowledged to be the most refined and elegant repertory of Literature and the Arts on this side of the sea, and the

Best and Cheape Family Newspaper

IN THE WORLD.

As no more copies of the *new series* will be printed than are ordered, those who desire to begin with the commencement of the volume will be able to do so by forwarding their subscriptions without delay.

TERMS:

For one copy, two dollars; for three copies, five dollars—or one copy for three years, five dollars; for a club of seven copies, ten dollars; for a club of fifteen copies, twenty dollars; and at that rate for a larger club—always in advance. Address.

MORRIS & WILLIS.

Editors and Proprietors, 107 Fulton-street, New York.

Dec. 3, 1858.

"Thick Darkness covers the Earth,
And Gross Darkness the People."

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,
And all Others. will take Notice!

THAT they can supply themselves, in any quantities with

Jones' Far Famed Patent
NON EXPLOSIVE KEROSENE or COAL OIL LAMPS,

At the Wholesale and Retail, HEAD QUARTERS, 38. South SECOND Street, 38.

PHILADELPHIA.

The *only place* where exclusive Agencies can be obtained for the States of Pennsylvania, N. Jersey and Delaware

These Lamps give a light equal in intensity of flame, and similar in appearance to Gas, and are claimed to be superior to all other portable lights, now in use. No fear of Explosion.—No offensive odor.—No smoke.—Very easily trimmed.—As easily regulated as a Gas Light.—Can be adapted to all purposes.—And better than all for a poor man.—50 per cent cheaper than any other portable light, now in common use.

SOLE AGENCY ALSO, FOR

KNAPPS Patent Rosen and Coal Oil LAMP.

☞Lamps, Oils, Wicks, Shades, and every article in the line. S. E. SOUTHLAND,
Agent.

No. 38 South SECOND Street, PHILAD'A.

Sept. 10, 1858.

DR. WALTON'S
AMERICAN PILLS.
JOY TO THE AFFLICTED,
YOUNG AMERICA VICTORIOUS!

ONE small box of Pills cures ninety-nine cases out of a hundred. No Balsam, no Mercury, no odor on the breath, no fear of detection. Two small pills a dose; tasteless and harmless as water. Full directions are given, so that the patient can cure himself as certain as with the advice of the most experienced surgeon, and much better than with the advice of or one of little experience in this class of disease.

SENT BY MAIL TO ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY by enclosing one dollar to Dr. D. G. Walton, No. 154 North Seventh St. below Race, Philadelphia. *A liberal discount to the trade.* None genuine without the *written* signature of D. G. Walton, Proprietor.

Dr. W.'s treatment for Self-abuse, Weakness, &c., is entirely different from the usual course. Dr. W. has cured hundreds who have tried others without benefit. The treatment is as certain to cure as the sun is to rise. Enclose a stamp, and address Dr. W. as above; giving a full history of your case, and you will bless the day you made the effort to secure what is certain—A RADICAL CURE.

Jan. 29, 1858.-zz.

UNION HOTEL,
Bedford, Pa.

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public that he has opened a Hotel, under the above name, in the old and well known Globe building, on West Pitt Street, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, where he will be happy to see all his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call. He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render all his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquors.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

☞ Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

JONATHAN HORTON.

Bedford, April 30, 1858

For the Hair—Jockey Club, and new mown hay, pomatums, genuine ox marrow, at Dr. Harry's.

THE GREAT PURIFIER—
THE WORLD CHALLENGED!—
☞TO PRODUCE ITS EQUAL!
☞THE BLOOD SEARCHER
☞GLORIOUS TRIUMPHANT!

Sworn statement of David McCreary, of Napier Township, Bedford county:

In April, 1856, as near as I can remember, a small pimple made its appearance on my upper lip, which soon became enlarged and sore. I used poltices of sorrel, and a wash of blue vitriol, without effect. Finding the sore extending, I called on Dr. Ely, of Schelisburg, who pronounced it CANCER, and proscribed a wash of sugar of lead and bread poultices. Finding these remedies of no avail, I called upon Dr. Shaffer, of Davidsville, Somerset county, who also pronounced the disease Cancer, and gave me internal and external remedies—the latter consisting principally of caustic; but all to no purpose, as the disease continued spreading toward the nose. I next used a preparation of arsenic, in the form of salve. This for a time checked the disease, but the inflamation soon increased. I next called upon Dr. Statler of St. Clairsville, Bedford county, who also pronounced the disease Cancer, and applied a salve said to be a never failing remedy, but it had no effect whatever in checking the spread of the sore. In December, of the same year, the disease had eaten away a greater part of my upper lip, and had attacked the nose, when I went to Cincinnati, where I consulted Prof. R. S. Newton, of the Electic Medical College. He pronounced the disease "a cutaneous Cancer, superinduced by an inordinate use of mercury.—He applied mild zinc ointment, and gave internal remedies. My face healed up, but the inflamation was not thoroughly removed. In Febuary, 1857, he pronounced me cured, and I left for home. In April the disease again returned and so violent was the pain that I could not rest at night. Late in May I returned to Cincinnati, and again placed myself under the charge of Dr. Newton, with whom I remained until September, during which time he used every known remedy, and partly succeeded in checking the disease, but when I returned home there were still three discharging ulcers upon my face. I continued using Newton's preparations, and also medicine that I got from Dr. Ely, but the Cancer continued growing until it had *eat off the left side of my nose, the greater portion of my left cheek, and had attacked my left eye.* I had given up all hope of ever being cured; since Dr. Ely said he could only give relief; but that a cure was impossible. In March, 1858, I bought a bottle of 'Blood Searcher,' but I must confess that I had no faith in it. I was very weak when I commenced taking it; but I found that I gained strength day by day, and also that the ulcers commenced drying up. I continued, and when the third bottle was taken my face was healed as if by a miracle. I used a forth bottle, and I have been healthier since than I have been for the last seven years. Although my face is sadly disfigured, I am still grateful to a benign Providence who has spared my life, and which has been done through the instrumentality of LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER. D. MCCREARY.

Sworn and subscribed, this 31st day of August, A. D. 1858, before me, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the Borough of Hollidaysburg, Blair county, Pa.

Witness—U. J. Jones.

JOHN CORLEY, J. P.

NEW EVIDENCE.

Being afflicted with a grievous Tetter on the arms and face—after trying many remedies which utterly failed to cure—I was persuaded by W. M. Barris & Co. to try Lindsay's Improved Blood Searcher; and now, six weeks after finishing the *second bottle*, pronounced myself cured.

The tetter broke out, something over a year ago, on the inside of my arms, extending from the elbows down to the wrists; also, on my face, immediately round the mouth and chin, and continued to be a *perfect torment to me until cured by the Blood Searcher.* My arms, were almost useless, owing to the cracks and sores on them, liable to bleed at any time on the least exertion to lift or work, and sometimes so itchy that I could scarcely prevent tearing off my flesh. I have now been cured six weeks and feel it due to Mr. Lindsey, and to the public generally, to make this statement, in hope that others like myself may be benefitted by using his valuable medicine.

her
JANE ✕ WILSON.
mark

Sworn and subscribed before me, one of the Aldermen in and for the City of Pittsburg, this 28th day of July, A. D. 1858.

AND. MCMASTER, *Alderman.*

For sale by F. C. Reamer, M. D., Bedford; G. D. Trout, Alum Bank; Simon Hershman, Pleasantville; John G. Schell, do.; L. N. Fyan, West End, P. Office; Frederick Corl, Marietta; G. B. Amick, St. Clairsville; Jacob Baird, Barndollars Mills; Nicholas Koons, Willow Grove; John Bowser, Bowser's Mill; A. C. Evans, Rainsburg; B. F. Horn & Bro., Schellsburg; J. & J. M. Shoemaker, Charlesville; Hilligas & Mowry, Buena Vista; John Wayde, New Paris; Murray & Bro., Bloody Run; Dr. J. A. Mann, do.; Piper & Scott, Pattonsville; David Beegle, Waterstreet; John Wisegarver, Woodberry; G. D. Kauffman, Flitchville; John Dasher, Yellow Creek; all of Bedford County.

LINDSEY & LEMON, *Proprietors,*
Hollidaysburg, Pa.

Sept. 17, 1858.-6m.

SAVE A DOLLAR!

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.

SUBSCRIBE FOR 1859.

THIS pupular monthly magazine will be greatly enlarged for 1859. It will contain nearly 1000 pages; from 25 to 30 steel plates; and about 800 Wood Engravings—and all this for only Two Dollars a year. This is more, proportionately, than any magazine ever gave—hence "Peterson" is emphatically

The Magazine for the Times!

In addition to the usual quantity of Tales, Poems, &c., there will be given *Three Original Novelets*, viz: "Jillian," by Mrs. ANN S. STEPHENS; "The Old Stone Mansion," by CHARLES J. PETERSON; and "Helen Graeme," by FRANK LEE BENEDICT—"Peterson's Magazine" is conceded to have no rival for

ITS COLORED FASHION PLATES!

Each number contains a Fashion Plate, engraved on Steel and colored; also, a dozen or more New Styles, engraved on Wood. Also, a Pattern, from which a dress, mantilla, or child's costume can be cut out without the aid of a mantua-maker.

It is also unrivaled for its magnificent Mezzotints! Patterns for the work table! Patterns for bonnets, cloaks, dresses, &c. Household and other receipts. It is the best lady's Magazine in the World. Try it for one year.

TERMS—ALWAYS IN ADVANCE.

One copy, one year,	$2 00
Three copies, for one year,	5 00
Five copies, for one year,	7 50
Eight copies, for one year,	10 00
Sixteen copies, for one year,	20 00

PREMIUMS FOR CLUBS.—Three, five, eight or sixteen copies make a Club. To every person getting up a Club, our "Album for 1859" will be given, gratis, or, if preferred, a copy of the Magazine for 1858. For a club of sixteen, an extra copy of the Magazine for 1859, in addition. Address post-paid,

CHARLES J. PETERSON,
306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia. No 18.

☞Specimens sent gratis.

Nov. 26, 1858.

Last Notice.

WE have left the Notes and accounts due us in East Providence Township, in the hands of G. W. Householder, Esq. also, our Notes and Books in the hands of M. M. Peebles, Esq., in Bloody Run. If not paid by the first of January next suits will be instituted, without respect to persons.

MURRAY & BROTHER

Bloody Run,
Nov. 26, 1858.-

PICKLING VINEGAR.

PINE Cider Vinegar just received—also mould Candles. Extra quality.

Oct. 1, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & Co.

DRUGS, BOOKS AND STATIONERY.
DR. F. C. REAMER,
BEDFORD, PA.

HAVING purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, has constantly on hand, at the old stand, a large and well selected stock of choice Drugs and Medicines, wholesale and retail, all of which will be sold on fair terms. The assortment consists in part of

Drugs and Chemicals, Dye Woods and Acids, Paints and Oils, Window Glass and Glass Ware, Tobacco and Segars, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.

PATENT MEDICINES.—Having the regular agency for the sale of many of these medicines, the public are assured that they are of the best; such as have stood the test of time and experience, and can be safely recommended as genuine, viz: Townsend's and Sand's Sarsaparilla, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines, Fahnstock's, Hobensack's and other vermifuge; Hoofland's German Bitters, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand a large stock of historic, geographical, scientific, religious, poetical, school and miscellaneous BOOKS.

Also a great variety of FANCY STATIONERY, Cap, Post and Wrapping Paper, of every quality, Paper Hangings in great variety. Window Blinds, in patterns or by the piece. Wall Paper, Steel and Fancy Goods.

BLANK BOOKS of every size and quality.—Pocket Books and Port Monnaies, Diaries, Blank Deeds and Mortgages, gold Pens and Pencils, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery in great variety, Soaps, &c., &c.

Lamps, and Camphine Oil and Burning Fluid, kept constantly on hand.

CHOICE LIQUORS for medical use; Wolfe's Schcidam Schnapps, Gin, Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines.

Feb. 19, 1857.

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

FOUNDRY AND MACHINE

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c., &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make.—Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly.—Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASHCOM.

Nov. 6, 1857.

Iron City College

Iron City Commercial College.

PITTSBURGH, PA. CHARTERED 1855.

300 Students attending January, '58.

Now the largest and most thorough Commercial School of the United States. Young men prepared for actual duties of the Counting Room.

J. C. SMITH, A. M. Prof. of Book-keeping and Science of Accounts.

A. T. DOUTHETT, Teacher of Arithmetic and Commercial Calculation.

J. A. HEYDRICK and T. C. JENKINS, Teachers of Book-keeping.

A. COWLEY and W. A. MILLER, Profs, of Penmanship.

SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING,

As used in every department of business.

COMMERCIAL ARITHMETIC—RAPID BUSINESS WRITING—DETECTING COUNTERFEIT MONEY—

MERCANTILE CORRESPONDENCE—COMMERCIAL LAW—

Are taught, and all other subjects necessary for the success and through education of practical business man.

12 PREMIUMS,

Drawn all the premiums in Pittsburg for the past three years, also in Eastern and Western Cities, for best Writing.

NOT ENGRAVED WORK.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION.

Students enter at any time—No vacation—Time unlimited—Review at pleasure—Graduates assisted in obtaining situations—Tuition for Full Commercial Course, $35,00—Average time 8 to 12 weeks—Board, $2,50 per week—Stationery, $6,00—Entire cost, $60,00 to $70,00.

☞Ministers' Sons received at half price.

For Card—Circular—Specimens of Business and Ornamental Writing—inclose two stamps, and address

F. W. JENKINS, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Oct. 1, 1858.-2y.

THE MENGEL HOUSE,
Valentine Steckman,
PROPRIETOR.

Boarders taken by the day week month and year.

April 25, 1856—tf

Gettys' Photographic Gallery,

'EXCHANGE BUILDING,' BEDFORD, PA.

WHERE Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c &c., are executed in the latest style and improvements of the Art. A full assortment of plain and fancy cases, gold and pictes Lockets at very low prices.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens.

T. R. GETTYS, JR.

May 22, 1857.

Shoemending! Shoemending!!

HAVING commenced the business of Shoemending, one door east of Mr. Brice's Hotel, Bedford, Pa., I am prepared to do all manner of work in this line of business, at the shortest notice, and on the most substantial manner, on more reasonable rates than usual, *one thing indispensable.* Give him a call, try my work and judge for yourselves.

J. B. BAKER.

May 7, 1858

TO MILL OWNERS!

S. D. BRODE has made Schellsburg his permanent residence, and is prepared to do all kinds of work in the Mill Wright line, on the most approved and durable plans, and reasonable terms.

He has on hand the most improved Smut and Screening Machines, Mill Bushes, Anchor Belting Cloths, both new and old, at city prices, Mill Burrs of the best quality, and all kinds of Mill machinery, can be procured from him and shipped to any point. Also—Agent for McCormick's Reaper and Mower for Bedford and Blair Counties.

S. D. BROAD.

Schellsburg, Bedford Co.,
Sept. 24, 1858.

AN excellent article of Hair and tooth Brushes at Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store.

August 6, 1858.